

ADVANCED controller

Solar and heating controller

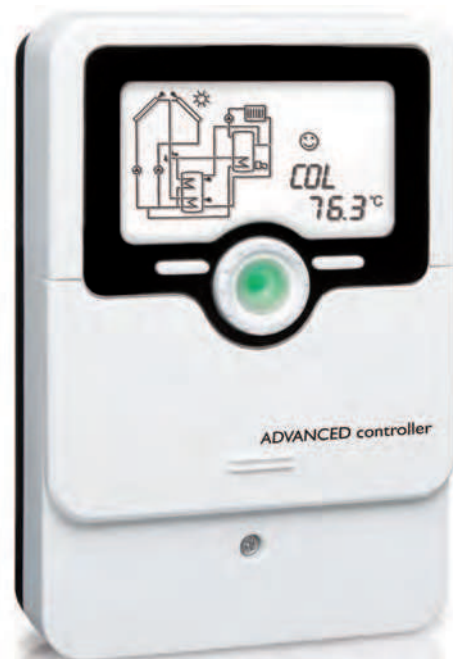
Manual for the
specialised craftsman

Installation

Operation

Functions and options

Troubleshooting



11207013

Thank you for buying this product.
Please read this manual carefully to get the best performance from this unit.
Please keep this manual safe.

en
Manual

Safety advice

Please pay attention to the following safety advice in order to avoid danger and damage to people and property.

Instructions

Attention must be paid to the valid local standards, regulations and directives!

Information about the product

Proper usage

The solar controller is designed for electronically controlling standard solar thermal systems and heating systems in compliance with the technical data specified in this manual.

Improper use excludes all liability claims.

CE Declaration of conformity

The product complies with the relevant directives and is therefore labelled with the CE mark. The Declaration of Conformity is available on request, please contact the manufacturer.



Note:

Strong electromagnetic fields can impair the function of the controller.

- Make sure the controller as well as the system are not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.

Subject to technical change. Errors excepted.

Target group

These instructions are exclusively addressed to authorised skilled personnel.

Only qualified electricians should carry out electrical works.

Initial installation must be effected by the system owner or qualified personnel named by the system owner.

Description of symbols

WARNING!



Warnings are indicated with a warning triangle!

→ They contain information on how to avoid the danger described.

Signal words describe the danger that may occur; when it is not avoided.

- **WARNING** means that injury, possibly life-threatening injury, can occur.
- **ATTENTION** means that damage to the appliance can occur.



Note:

Notes are indicated with an information symbol.

- Arrows indicate instruction steps that should be carried out.

Disposal

- Dispose of the packaging in an environmentally sound manner.
- Dispose of old appliances in an environmentally sound manner. On request we will take back your old appliances bought from us and guarantee an environmentally sound disposal of the devices.

ADVANCED controller

With its versatile software, the ADVANCED controller can control even complex systems easily and reliably. 7 pre-configured system layouts with up to 3 hydraulic variants each facilitate the commissioning and enable the adaptation to the individual system requirements. The operation via 2 main buttons and 1 adjustment dial, the Lightwheel®, still follows the well-known operating concept.

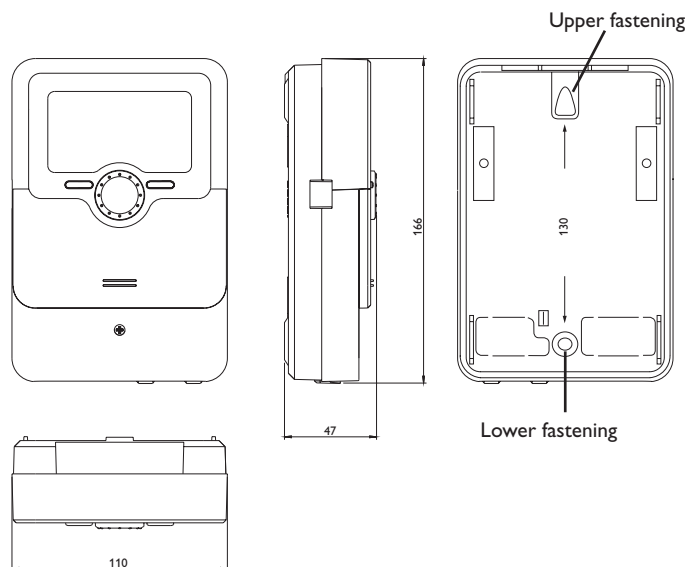
The multicoloured LED, integrated in the Lightwheel®, offers many possibilities to signal different system states. The MicroSD card slot and the 2 microbuttons for quick access to the manual mode and the holiday function are located underneath the slidable housing cover, the slider.

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1 Overview

- 4 relay outputs (incl. 1 extra-low voltage relay)
- 4 inputs for Pt1000, Pt500 or KTY temperature sensors
- Inputs for 1 analogue Grundfos Direct Sensor™ and 1 Flowrotor
- 1 V40 impulse input (also usable as a Pt1000, Pt500 or KTY temperature sensor input)
- 2 PWM outputs for speed control of high-efficiency pumps
- 7 basic system layouts with up to 3 hydraulic variants each to choose from
- Automatic function control according to VDI 2169



Technical data

Inputs: 4 inputs for Pt1000, Pt500 or KTY temperature sensors, 1 analogue Grundfos Direct Sensor™, 1 FlowRotor, 1 V40 impulse input (also usable as a Pt1000, Pt500 or KTY temperature sensor input)

Outputs: 3 semiconductor relays, 1 potential-free extra-low voltage relay, 2 PWM outputs (switchable to 0-10 V)

PWM frequency: 512 Hz

PWM voltage: 10.8 V

Switching capacity:

1 (1) A 240 V~ (semiconductor relay)

1 (1) A 30 V= (potential-free relay)

Total switching capacity: 4 A 240 V~

Power supply: 100 ... 240 V~ (50 ... 60 Hz)

Supply connection: type Y attachment

Power consumption < 1 W (Standby)

Mode of operation: Type 1.B.C.Y

Rated impulse voltage: 2.5 kV

Data interface: VBus®, MicroSD card slot

VBus® current supply: 60 mA

Functions: external heat exchanger, operating hours counter, tube collector function, thermostat function, pump speed control, heat quantity measurement, adjustable system parameters and optional functions (menu-driven), washing machine function, balance and diagnostics function, function control according to VDI 2169

Housing: plastic, PC-ABS and PMMA

Mounting: wall mounting, also suitable for mounting into patch panels

Indication/Display: System-Monitoring-Display, for visualisation of the systems, 16-segment-display, 8 symbols for indication of the system status, control lamp (Lightwheel®) and background illumination

Operation: 4 push buttons at the front and 1 adjustment dial (Lightwheel®)

Protection type: IP 20/DIN EN 60529

Protection class: I

Ambient temperature: 0 ... 40 °C

Degree of pollution: 2

Dimensions: 110 x 166 x 47 mm

2 Installation

2.1 Mounting

WARNING!



Electric shock!

Upon opening the housing, live parts are exposed!

→ **Always disconnect the device from power supply before opening the housing!**



Note:

Strong electromagnetic fields can impair the function of the controller.

→ Make sure the controller as well as the system are not exposed to strong electromagnetic fields.

The device must only be located in dry interior rooms.

The controller must additionally be supplied from a double pole switch with contact gap of at least 3 mm.

Please pay attention to separate routing of sensor cables and mains cables.

In order to mount the device to the wall, carry out the following steps:

- Unscrew the crosshead screw from the cover and remove it along with the cover from the housing.
- Mark the upper fastening point on the wall. Drill and fasten the enclosed wall plug and screw leaving the head protruding.
- Hang the housing from the upper fastening point and mark the lower fastening point (centres 130 mm).
- Insert lower wall plug.
- Fasten the housing to the wall with the lower fastening screw and tighten.
- Carry out the electrical wiring in accordance with the terminal allocation (see page 5).
- Put the cover on the housing.
- Attach with the fastening screw.

2.2 Electrical connection

ATTENTION! ESD damage!



Electrostatic discharge can lead to damage to electronic components!

→ **Take care to discharge properly before touching the inside of the device! To do so, touch a grounded surface such as a radiator or tap!**

WARNING!



Electric shock!

Upon opening the housing, live parts are exposed!

→ **Always disconnect the device from power supply before opening the housing!**



Note:

Connecting the device to the power supply must always be the last step of the installation!



Note:

The pump speed must be set to 100% when auxiliary relays or valves are connected.

The controller is supplied with power via a mains cable. The power supply of the device must be 100 ... 240 V~ (50 ... 60 Hz).

The controller is equipped with 4 relays in total to which loads such as pumps, valves, etc. can be connected:

- Relays 1 ... 3 are semiconductor relays, designed for pump speed control.
 - Conductor R1 ... R3
 - Neutral conductor N
 - Protective conductor \oplus
- Relay 4 is a potential-free low voltage relay

Depending on the product version, mains cables and sensor cables are already connected to the device. If that is not the case, please proceed as follows:

Connect the **temperature sensors** (S1 to S5) to the corresponding terminals with either polarity:

- S1 = Sensor 1 (collector sensor)
- S2 = Sensor 2 (store sensor base)
- S3 = Sensor 3 (e.g. store sensor top)
- S4 = Sensor 4 (e.g. washing machine)
- S5 = Sensor 5 (e.g. sensor collector 2)

en

Installation

Operation and function

Commissioning

Indications, functions and options

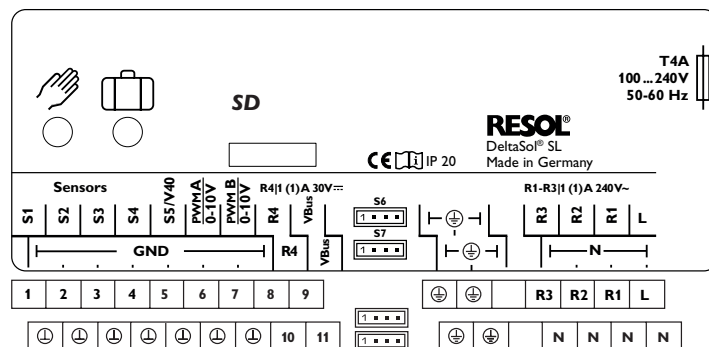
Messages

Connect the **Grundfos Direct Sensor™** to the S6 input.

Connect the Flowrotor to the S7 input.

A S5/V40 flowmeter can be connected to the terminals V40 and GND (either polarity).

The terminals marked **PWM** are control outputs for high-efficiency pumps (convertible to 0-10V signal outputs, see page 15).



The **mains connection** is at the terminals:

Neutral conductor N

Conductor L

Protective conductor \oplus



Note:

For further information about heat quantity measurement with Grundfos Direct Sensor™ see page 46.



Note:

The connection depends on the system layout selected (see page 7).



Note:

For more details about the commissioning procedure see page 20.

2.3 Data communication/Bus

The controller is equipped with a VBus® for data transfer and energy supply to external modules. The connection is to be carried out at the terminals marked **VBus** (any polarity).

One or more VBus® modules can be connected via this data bus, such as:

- DL2 Datalogger
- DL3 Datalogger

Furthermore, the controller can be connected to a PC or integrated into a network via the VBus®/USB or VBus®/LAN interface adapter (not included).



Note:

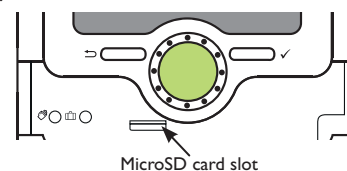
More accessories on page 57.

2.4 MicroSD card slot

The controller is equipped with a MicroSD card slot.

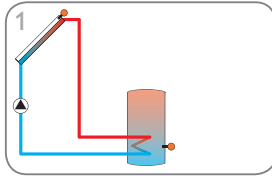
With a MicroSD card, the following functions can be carried out:

- Store measurement and balance values onto the MicroSD card. After the transfer to a computer, the values can be opened and visualised, e. g. in a spreadsheet.
- Prepare adjustments and parameterisations on a computer and transfer them via the MicroSD card.
- Store adjustments and parameterisations on the MicroSD card and, if necessary, retrieve them from there.
- Download firmware updates from the Internet and install them on the controller via MicroSD card.

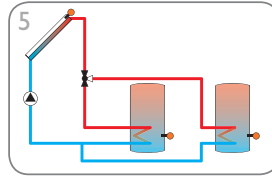


A MicroSD card is not included, but can also be purchased from the manufacturer. For more information about using a MicroSD card, see page 50.

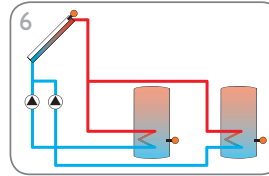
2.5 System overview



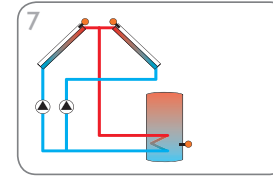
Solar system with 1 store (page 8)



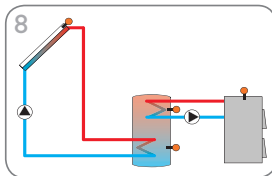
Solar system with 2 stores and valve control (page 9)



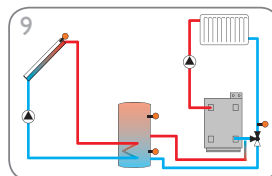
Solar system with 2 stores and pump control (page 10)



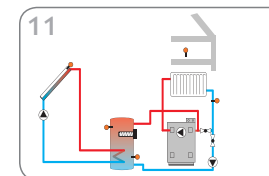
Solar system with east-/west collectors (page 11)



Solar system with 1 store and solid fuel boiler (page 12)



Solar system with 1 store and return preheating (page 13)



Solar system with store loading in layers and heat exchange (page 14)

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Installation

Operation and function

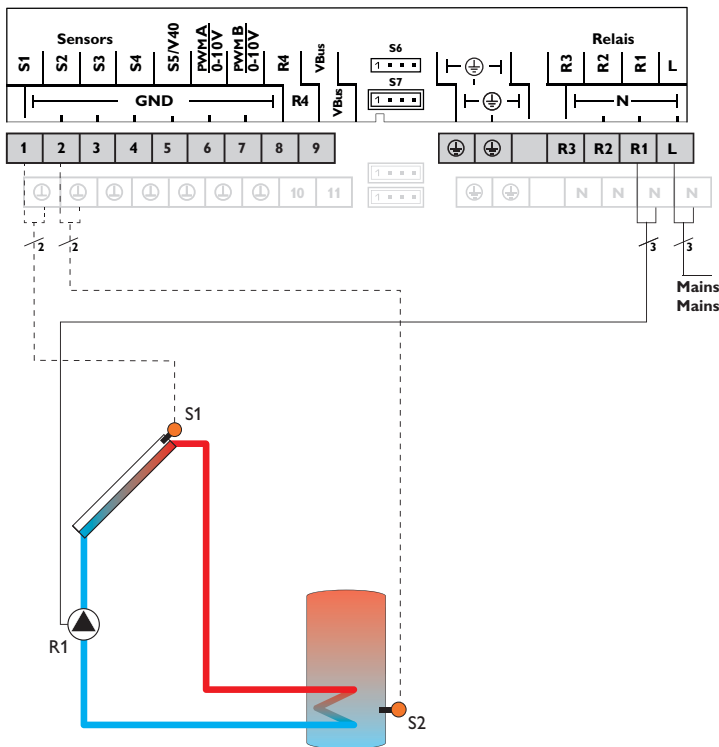
Commissioning

Indications, functions and options

Messages

2.6 Systems

System 1: Standard solar system with 1 store



Sensors

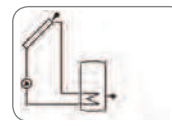
S1	Temperature collector	1 / GND
S2	Temperature store base	2 / GND
S3	Free	3 / GND
S4	Washing machine temperature	4 / GND
S5	Free	5 / GND
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS

Relay

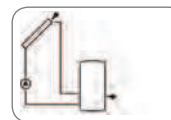
R1	Solar pump	R1 / N / PE
R2	Free	R2 / N / PE
R3	Free	R3 / N / PE
R4	Washing machine valve	R4 / R4

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the pump (R1) will be switched on and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum store temperature is reached.

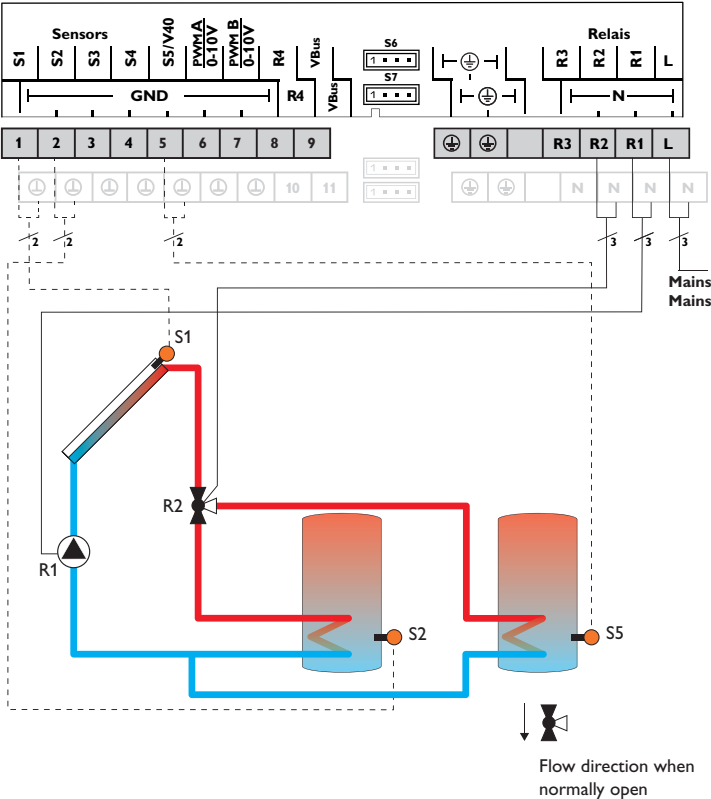
Hydraulic variant 1



Hydraulic variant 2

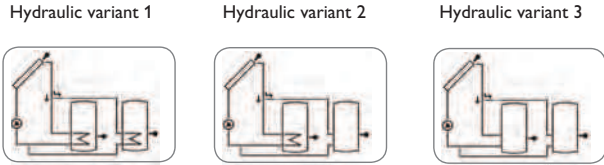


System 5: 2-store system with valve logic, 1 pump, 3 sensors and 3-port valve



Sensors			Relay		
S1	Temperature collector	1/GND	R1	Solar pump	R1/N/PE
S2	Temperature store base	2/GND	R2	Valve solar	R2/N/PE
S3	Free	3/GND	R3	Free	R3/N/PE
S4	Washing machine temperature	4/GND	R4	Washing machine valve	R4/R4
S5	Temperature store 2 base	5/GND			
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS			

The controller compares the temperature at sensor S1 to the temperatures at sensors S2 and S5. If the measured temperature differences are higher than the adjusted switch-on temperature differences, the pump (R1) will be activated and the corresponding store will be loaded up to the adjusted store maximum or set temperature respectively via the valve (R2). The priority logic effects prior loading of store 1.



en

Installation

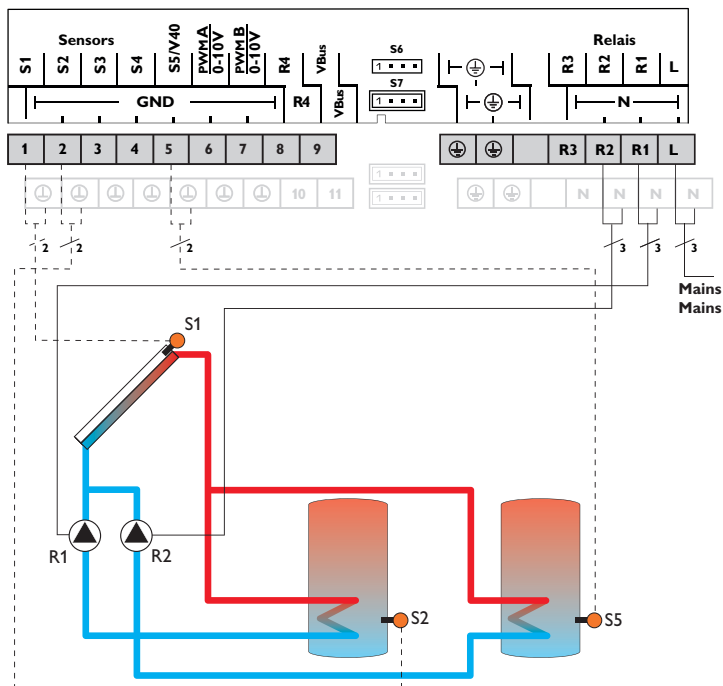
Operation and function

Commissioning

Indications, functions and options

Messages

System 6: 2-store solar system with pump logic



Sensors

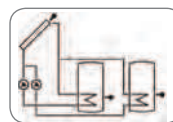
S1	Temperature collector	1 / GND
S2	Temperature store base	2 / GND
S3	Free	3 / GND
S4	Washing machine temperature	4 / GND
S5	Temperature store 2 base	5 / GND
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS

Relay

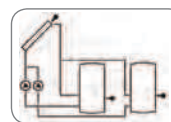
R1	Solar pump store	R1 / N / PE
R2	Solar pump store 2	R2 / N / PE
R3	Free	R3 / N / PE
R4	Washing machine valve	R4 / R4

The controller compares the temperature at sensor S1 to the temperatures at sensors S2 and S5. If the measured temperature differences are higher than the adjusted switch-on temperature differences, the pump (R1 and/or R2) will be activated and the corresponding store will be loaded up to the adjusted store maximum or set temperature respectively at most. The priority logic effects prior loading of store 1.

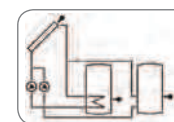
Hydraulic variant 1



Hydraulic variant 2



Hydraulic variant 3

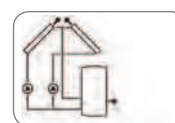


2

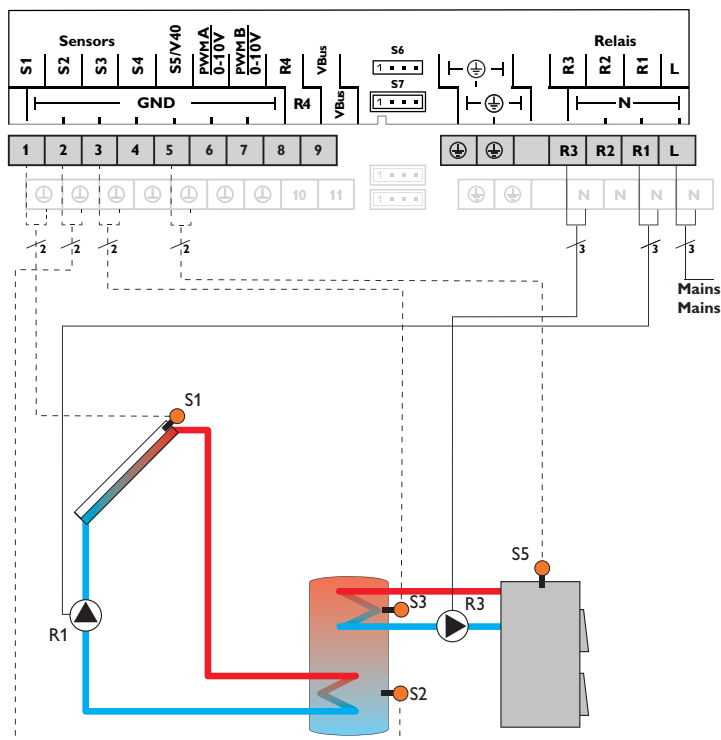
Operation and function

Commissioning

Hydraulic variant 2



System 8: Solar system with 1 store and afterheating with solid fuel boiler



Sensors

S1	Temperature collector	1 / GND
S2	Temperature store base	2 / GND
S3	Temperature store top	3 / GND
S4	Washing machine temperature	4 / GND
S5	Temperature solid fuel boiler	5 / GND
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS

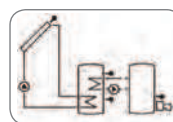
Relay

R1	Solar pump	R1 / N / PE
R2	Free	R2 / N / PE
R3	Loading pump solid fuel boiler	R3 / N / PE
R4	Washing machine valve	R4 / R4

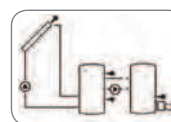
The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the pump (R1) will be switched on and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum store temperature is reached.

With another temperature differential function (S5 heat source/S3 heat sink), afterheating of the store with a solid fuel boiler can be carried out via another pump (R3).

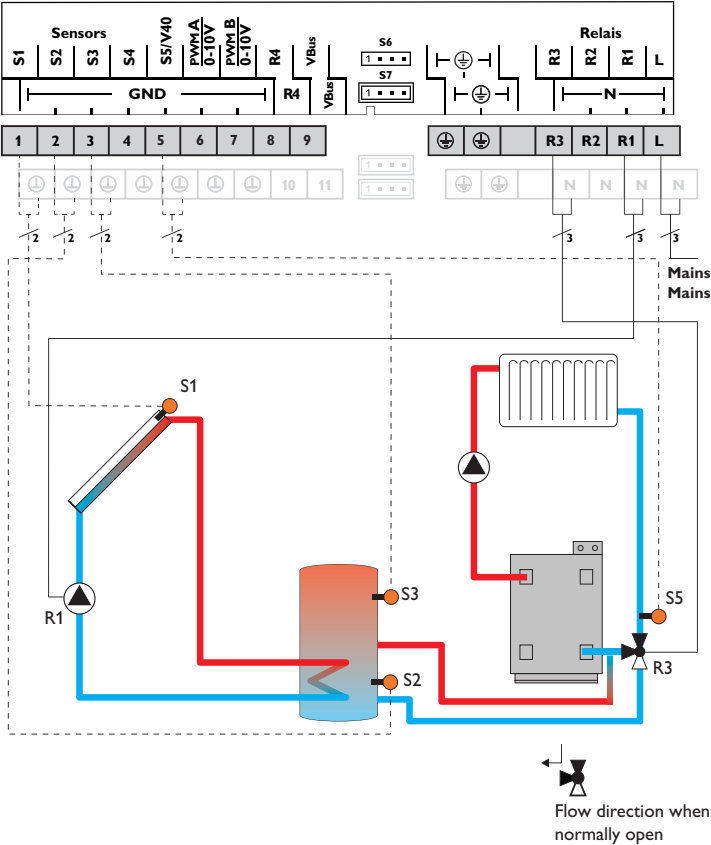
Hydraulic variant 1



Hydraulic variant 2



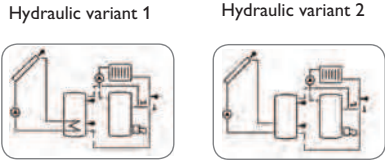
System 9: Solar system with 1 store and return preheating



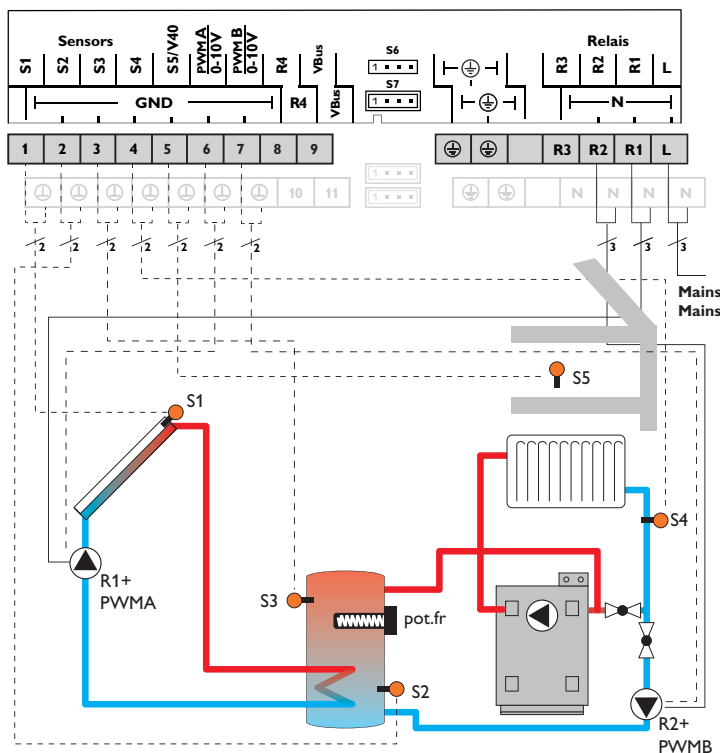
Sensors			Relay		
S1	Temperature collector	1/GND	R1	Solar pump	R1/N/PE
S2	Temperature store base	2/GND	R2	Free	R2/N/PE
S3	Temperature store return preheating	3/GND	R3	Valve return pre-heating	R3/N/PE
S4	Washing machine temperature	4/GND	R4	Washing machine valve	R4/ R4
S5	Temperature heating return	5/GND			
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS			

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the pump (R1) will be switched on and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum store temperature is reached.

With another temperature differential function (S3 heat source/S5 heat sink) return preheating (heating circuit backup) is possible via another valve (R3).



System 11: Solar system with 1 store, return preheating and thermostatic afterheating



Sensors

S1	Temperature collector	1 / GND
S2	Temperature store base	2 / GND
S3	ΔT function source (sensor top) / thermostat	3 / GND
S4	ΔT function sink (heating circuit return)	4 / GND
S5	Room sensor	5 / GND
S6	Heat quantity measurement	VFS

Relay

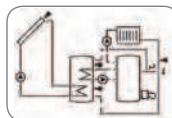
R1	Solar pump	R1 / N / PE
R2	Return preheating pump (ΔT function, thermostat function)	R2 / N / PE
R3	Free	R3 / N / PE
R4	Afterheating	R4 / R4

The controller calculates the temperature difference between collector sensor S1 and store sensor S2. If the difference is larger than or identical to the adjusted switch-on temperature difference, the pump (R1) will be switched on and the store will be loaded until the switch-off temperature difference or the maximum store temperature is reached.

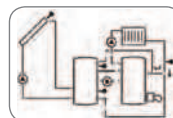
Afterheating (R4) can be carried out with a thermostat function (S3). If the value at S3 reaches the switch-on temperature for the afterheating, the relay is switched on. If the value exceeds the switch-off temperature for the afterheating, the relay is switched off again.

With another temperature differential function (S3 heat source/S4 heat sink) return preheating (heating circuit backup) is possible via another pump (R2). If the value at S5 falls below the adjusted room temperature and the adjusted time frame is active, the pump (R2) will be switched on. If the value exceeds the adjusted room temperature or the adjusted time frame is inactive, the pump (R2) will be switched off.

Hydraulic variant 1

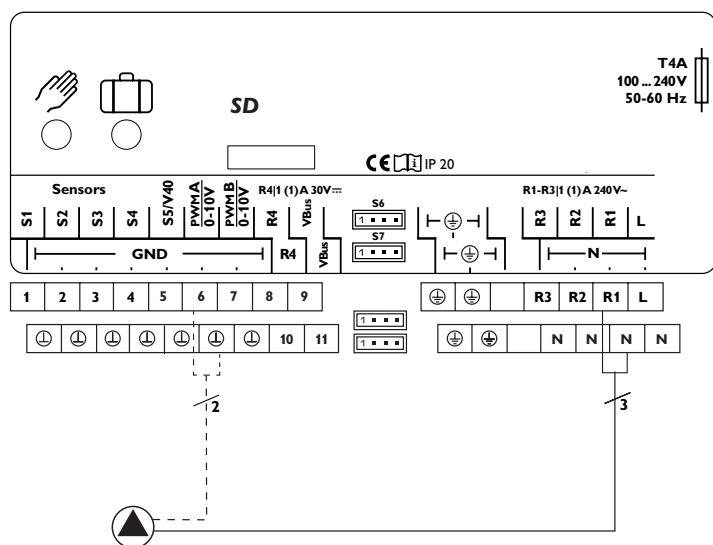


Hydraulic variant 2



Electrical connection of a high-efficiency pump (HE pump)

Speed control of a HE pump is possible via a PWM signal / 0-10V control. The pump has to be connected to the relay (power supply) as well as to one of the PWM A/B outputs of the controller. In the **REL** adjustment channel one of the PWM control types as well as a relay have to be selected (see page 47).

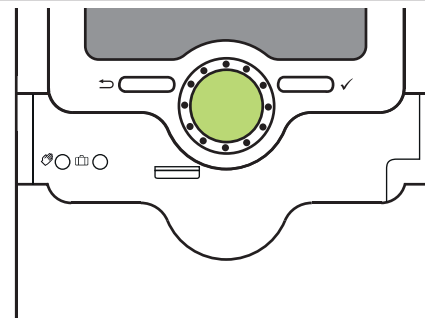


Note:

For more information about relay control, see page 47.

3 Operation and function

3.1 Buttons and adjustment dial



The controller is operated via 2 buttons and 1 adjustment dial (Lightwheel®) below the display:

Left button (↶) - escape button for changing into the previous menu

Right button (↷) - confirming/selecting

Lightwheel® - scrolling upwards/scrolling downwards, increasing adjustment values/reducing adjustment values

3.2 Microbuttons for manual mode and holiday mode




The controller is equipped with 2 microbuttons for quick access to the manual mode and the holiday function. The microbuttons are located underneath the slidable housing cover, the slider.

Microbutton ☞: If the microbutton ☞ is briefly pressed, relay 1 will be set to the manual mode for 1 minute (see page 43).

Microbutton ☞: The microbutton ☞ is used for activating the holiday mode (see page 42). If the microbutton is pressed and held down for approx. 3 s, the adjustment channel **DAYS** appears, allowing to enter the number of days for an absence. If the parameter is set to a value higher than 0, the function becomes active using the adjustments that have previously been made in the **H-DAY** menu. The days will be counted backwards from 00:00 o'clock. If the value is set to 0, the function is deactivated.

3.3 Control lamp

The controller is equipped with a multicolour LED in the centre of the Lightwheel®, indicating the following states:

Colour	Permanently shown	Flashing
	Everything OK	Manual mode: at least one relay HAND ON
		Sensor line break, sensor short circuit, flow rate monitoring, overpressure, low pressure
	Holiday function active	Maximum store temperature exceeded

3.4 Menu structure

Status level	Menu level	Balance values
TCOL	BALAN	h R1
TCOL2	Adjustment level	h R2
TSTB	SYS	MAXS1
TSTT	LOAD	MINS1
...	COL	...
	...	
		Configuration
		DT O
		DT F
		DT S
		S SET
		S MAX
		S MAXS
		...

The menu structure of the controller consists of 2 levels: the status level and the menu level.

The status level consists of different display channels which indicate display values and messages.

The menu level consists of the balance values menu and several menu items each of which consists of sub-menus and adjustment channels. In order to activate or deactivate a function, it must be selected in the menu level. The display changes to the adjustment menu in which all adjustments required can be carried out.



Note:

Some of the menu items depend on the selected system and the adjusted options. Therefore, they are only displayed if they are available.



Note:

The abstract from the menu structure is for information on the structure of the controller menu and is therefore not complete.

3.5 Selecting menu points and adjusting values

During normal operation of the controller, the display shows the status level with the adjustment channels. If no button is pressed for 1 min, the display illumination goes out. If no button is pressed for further 3 min, the display indicates the status level.

Press any key to reactivate the display illumination.

In order to scroll through the display channels, turn the Lightwheel®.

Accessing the adjustment level:

→ Press the right button (✓) for approx. 3 s.

The display changes to the adjustment level. All menus contain adjustment channels and are marked with **PUSH** below the menu item.

→ In order to access the desired menu, press the right button (✓).



Note:

Only if the installer code is entered (see page 53), will the adjustment level be accessible.

Selecting and adjusting options/functions

An option or function containing adjustment values are marked with **PUSH**.

- In order to access the sub-menu of the option, select the option by turning the Lightwheel® and press the right button (✓).
- In order to activate an option, select ON. In order to deactivate it, select OFF.

The adjustment channels are characterised by the indication **SET**.

- Select the desired adjustment channel by turning the Lightwheel®.
- Confirm your selection with the right button (✓). **SET** starts flashing (adjustment mode).
- Adjust the value by turning the Lightwheel®.
- Confirm your selection with the right button (✓). **SET** permanently appears, the adjustment has been saved.

BACK PUSH appears as the last display.

- In order to get back to the menu selection, press the right button (✓).

If no button has been pressed within a couple of minutes, the adjustment is cancelled and the previous value is retained.

3.6 Resetting balance values

Heat quantity, operating hours of the relays as well as minimum and maximum temperatures can be set back to zero. In order to reset a value, proceed as follows:

- Select the desired value and press the right button (✓). **SET** starts flashing.
- Turn the Lightwheel® anticlockwise.

The value is set back to 0.

- Press the right button (✓).

The message DEL will be displayed.

- Turn the Lightwheel® clockwise.

YES instead of NO will be displayed.

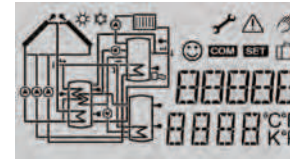
- Confirm your selection with the right button (✓).

The value will be set back to zero and the symbol will be permanently displayed.

In order to interrupt this process, press the left button (←).

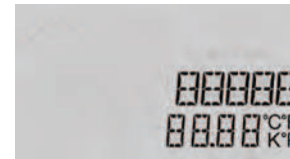
4 System-Monitoring-Display

System-Monitoring-Display



The System-Monitoring-Display consists of 3 blocks: channel display, tool bar and system screen.

Channel display



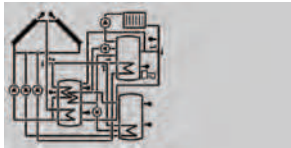
The channel display consists of 2 lines. The upper display line is an alphanumeric 16-segment display. In this line, mainly channel names and menu items are displayed. In the lower 16-segment display, values are displayed.

Tool bar

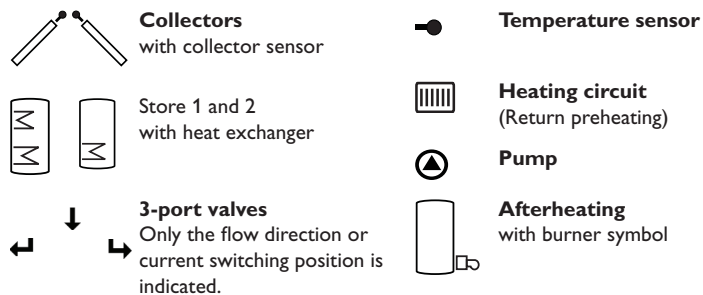
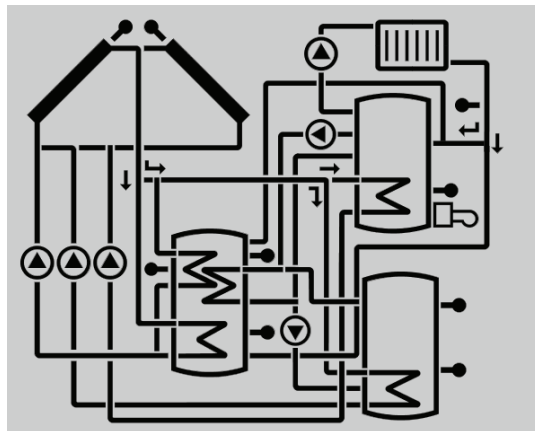


The additional symbols in the tool bar indicate the current system state.

4.1 System screen



The system selected is indicated in the System-Monitoring-Display. It consists of several system component symbols which are – depending on the current status of the system – either flashing, permanently shown or not indicated.



4.2 Further indications

Smiley

If the controller operates faultlessly (normal operation), a smiley ☺ is displayed.

Fault indication

If the controller detects a malfunction, the control LED flashes red and the symbols of the warning triangle ⚠ and the wrench 🛠 are additionally displayed.

Short text and ticker

Functions, options, measurement and balance values as well as messages are indicated as both short text and ticker. After the short text has been displayed, the corresponding long text will be indicated as a ticker from right to left.

Symbol	Permanently shown	Flashing
Status indications:		
☼	Store maximum limitation active (store maximum temperature has been exceeded)	Collector cooling function active, system cooling or store cooling active
❄	Antifreeze option activated	Collector temp. below minimum temp., antifreeze function active
⚠		Collector emergency shutdown active
⚠ + 🛠		Manual mode active
⚠ + ☼		Store emergency shutdown active
SET		Adjustment mode
COM	MicroSD card is being used	MicroSD card full
📅	Holiday function active	
☺	Normal operation	
Fault indication:		
⚠ + 🛠		Sensor fault

5 Status level/Measurement values

During normal operation of the controller, the display is in the Status level indicating the values shown in the table (depending on the system selected).

In addition to the display values, possible error messages are indicated in the status menu (see page 54).

Display	Description (long text)
TCOL	Temperature collector
TCOL2	Temperature collector 2
TSTB	Temperature store base
TSTT	Temperature store top
TST2B	Temperature store 2 base
TSTTS	Temperature heat exchange source
TST2S	Temperature heat exchange sink
TAH	Temperature afterheating
TSFL	Temperature solar flow
TSRE	Temperature solar return
TSFB	Temperature solid fuel boiler
TSTSF	Temperature store - solid fuel boiler
TSTRP	Temperature store return preheating
TROOM	Temperature room
TRET	Temperature heating circuit return
S3	Temperature sensor 3
S4	Temperature sensor 4
TWAMA	Temperature washing machine inlet
S5	Temperature sensor 5
TVFS	Temperature at the VFS sensor
TRPS	Temperature at the RPS sensor
n1 %	Speed relay 1
n2 %	Speed relay 2
n3 %	Speed relay 3
n4 %	Speed relay 4
L/h	Flow rate sensor V40/VFS/Flowrotor
BAR	Pressure sensor
TFHQM	Heat quantity measurement flow temperature
TRHQM	Heat quantity measurement return temperature
kWh	Heat quantity in kWh
MWh	Heat quantity in MWh
BLPR	Blocking protection relay 1

Display	Description (long text)
BLPR2	Blocking protection relay 2
BLPR3	Blocking protection relay 3
INIT	Initialisation drainback
FLLT	Filling time drainback
STAB	Stabilisation drainback
TDIS	Disinfection temperature
CDIS	Countdown thermal disinfection
DDIS	Disinfection period
SDIS	Starting time delay
TIME	
DATE	

6 Balance values

The balance value menu indicates the balance values.

Display	Description
h R1	Operating hours relay 1
h R2	Operating hours relay 2
h R3	Operating hours relay 3
h R4	Operating hours relay 4
DAYS	Operating days of the controller (cannot be set back to zero)
MAXS1	Maximum temperature sensor 1
MINS1	Minimum temperature sensor 1
MAXS2	Maximum temperature sensor 2
MINS2	Minimum temperature sensor 2
MAXS3	Maximum temperature sensor 3
MINS3	Minimum temperature sensor 3
MAXS4	Maximum temperature sensor 4
MINS4	Minimum temperature sensor 4
MAXS5	Maximum temperature sensor 5
MINS5	Minimum temperature sensor 5
MAXS6	Maximum temperature sensor 6
MINS6	Minimum temperature sensor 6

7 Commissioning

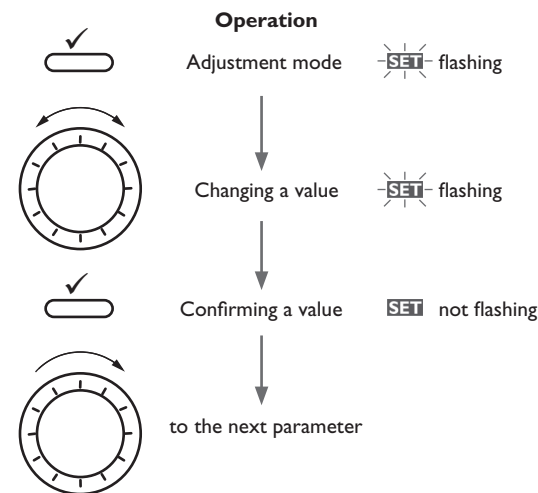
When the hydraulic system is filled and ready for operation, connect the controller to the mains.

The controller runs an initialisation phase in which all symbols are indicated in the display. The Lightwheel® flashes red.

When the controller is commissioned or when it is reset, it will run a commissioning menu after the initialisation phase. The commissioning menu leads the user through the most important adjustment channels needed for operating the system.

Commissioning menu

The commissioning menu consists of the channels described in the following. In order to make an adjustment, press the right button (✓). **SET** starts flashing and the adjustment can be made. Confirm the adjustment with the right button (✓). Turn the Lightwheel®, the next channel will appear on the screen.



Commissioning

1. Language:

→ Adjust the desired menu language.

2. Temperature unit:

→ Adjust the desired temperature unit.

3. Flow rate unit:

→ Adjust the desired flow rate unit.

4. Unit of pressure:

→ Adjust the desired pressure unit.

5. Energy unit:

→ Adjust the desired energy unit.

6. Time:

→ Adjust the clock time. First of all adjust the hours, then the minutes.

7. Daylight savings time adjustment:

→ Activate or deactivate the automatic daylight savings time adjustment.

8. Date:

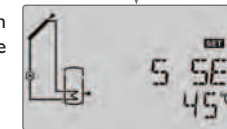
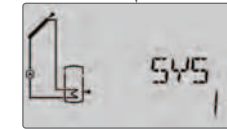
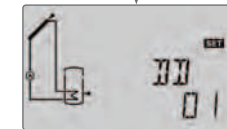
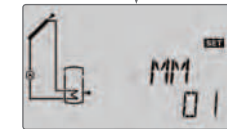
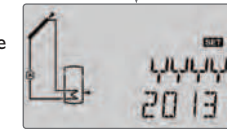
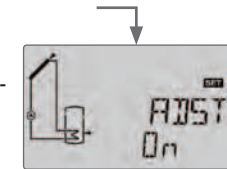
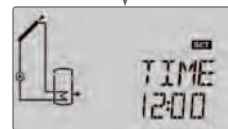
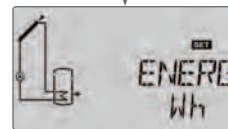
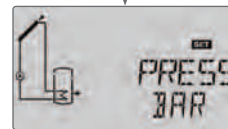
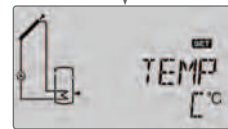
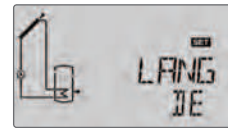
→ Adjust the date. First of all adjust the year, then the month and then the day.

9. System:

→ Adjust the desired system (see page 7).

10. Store set temperature:

→ Adjust the desired store set temperature. In 2-store systems, the adjustment has to be made for S2SET as well (see page 30).



en

Installation

Operation and function

Commissioning

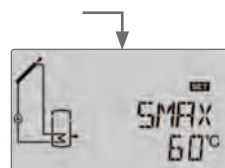
Indications, functions and options

Messages

Commissioning

11. Maximum store temperature:

- Adjust the maximum store temperature. In 2-store systems, the adjustment has to be made for **S2MAX** as well (see page 31).



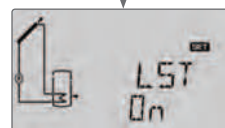
12. Loading store 1:

- Switch on or off the “loading store 1” option (see page 31).



Note:

“Loading store 1” is only available if a 2-store system or store loading in layers has been previously selected in the sub-channel **SYS**.



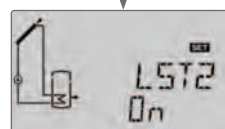
13. Loading store 2:

- Switch on or off the “loading store 2” option (see page 31).



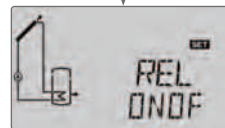
Note:

“Loading store 2” is only available if a 2-store system or store loading in layers has been previously selected in the sub-channel **SYS**.



14. Relay control type:

- Select the relay control type for **REL**. Carry out this adjustment for **REL2** and **REL3** as well, if necessary (see page 41).



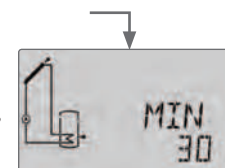
15. Minimum speed:

- Adjust the minimum speed **MIN** of the relay. Carry out this adjustment for **REL2** and **REL3** as well, if necessary (see page 41).



Note:

The minimum speed value will not be available if **ONOF** has been selected in the sub-channel **REL (REL2, REL3)**.



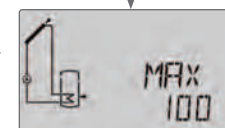
16. Maximum speed:

- Adjust the maximum speed **MAX** of the relay. Carry out this adjustment for **REL2** and **REL3** as well, if necessary (see page 41).



Note:

The maximum speed value will not be available if **ONOF** has been selected in the sub-channel **REL (REL2, REL3)**.



- **Complete the commissioning menu by pressing the right button (✓):**

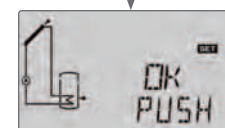
The controller is then ready for operation and normally the factory settings will give close to optimum operation.



Note:

The adjustments carried out during commissioning can be changed anytime in the corresponding adjustment channel. Additional functions and options can also be activated or deactivated (see page 23).

Set the code to the customer code before handing over the controller to the customer (see page 53).



8 Indications, functions and options

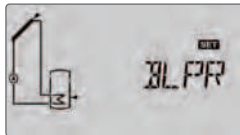


Note:

The values and adjustment channels as well as the adjustment ranges depend on the system selected, the functions and options as well as the user code entered and the system components connected to the controller.

8.1 Status level

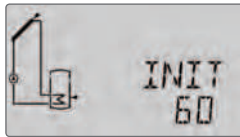
Display of blocking protection time



BLPR2, 3)

Blocking protection active

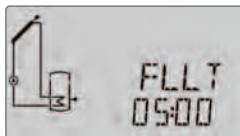
Display of drainback time periods



INIT

Initialisation active

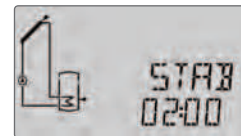
Indicates the time adjusted in **tD_{TO}**, running backwards.



FLLT

Filling time active

Indicates the time adjusted in **tF_{LL}**, running backwards.

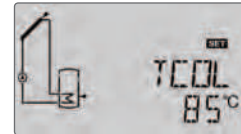


STAB

Stabilisation

Indicates the time adjusted in **tSTB**, running backwards.

Display of collector temperatures



TCOL(2)

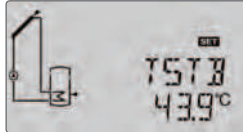
Collector temperature

Display range: -40 ... +260 °C

Displays the current collector temperature.

- TCOL : Collector temperature
- TCOL2: Collector temperature 2 (2-collector system)

Display of store temperatures



TSTB, etc.

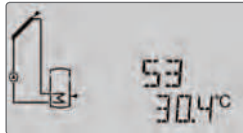
Store temperatures

Display range: -40 ... +260 °C

Displays the current store temperature.

- TSTB : Store temperature base
 - TSTT : Store temperature top
- in 2-store systems (only if available):
- TST2T : Store temperature 2 top
 - TST2B : Store temperature 2 base
 - TSTTS : Temperature heat exchange source
 - TST2S : Temperature heat exchange sink
 - TSTS F : Store temperature - solid fuel boiler

Display of temperatures at S3, S4 and S5



S3, S4, S5

Sensor temperatures

Display range: -40 ... +260 °C

Indicates the current temperature at the corresponding additional sensor (without control function).

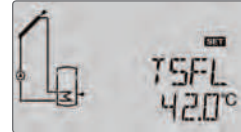
- S3 : Temperature sensor 3
- S4 : Temperature sensor 4
- S5 : Temperature sensor 5



Note:

In systems with return preheating, S3/S5 is used as the heat source sensor TSTR.

Display of further temperatures



TSFB, etc.

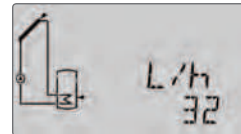
Further measured temperatures

Display range: -40 ... +260 °C

Indicates the current temperature at the corresponding sensor. The display of these temperatures depends on the system selected.

- TFSB : Temperature solid fuel boiler
- TRET : Temperature heating return
- TSTRP : Temperature store return preheating
- TFHQM : Temperature flow (HQM)
- TRHQM : Temperature return (HQM)
- TAH : Temperature afterheating
- TSFL : Temperature solar flow
- TSRE : Temperature solar return
- TVFS : Temperature flow rate sensor
- TRPS : Temperature pressure sensor
- TROOM : Temperature room
- TWAMA : Temperature washing machine inlet

Display of flow rate



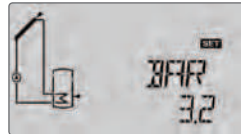
L/h, G/h

Flow rate

Display range: 0 ... 9999 l/h

Indicates the currently measured flow rate. The flow rate value is used for calculating the heat quantity supplied (V40/VFS/Flowrotor).

Display of pressure



BAR

Pressure

Display range: 0 ... 10 bar

Indicates the current system pressure.



Note:

Only if a pressure sensor is used, will the pressure be indicated.

Display of speed



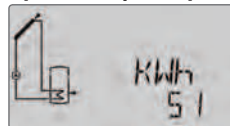
n1%, n2%, n3%

Current pump speed

Display range: 20 ... 100% (standard pump/HE pump)

Indicates the current speed of the corresponding pump.

Display of heat quantity



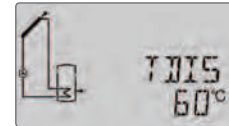
kWh/MWh

Heat quantity in kWh/MWh

Indicates the heat quantity produced in the system. For this purpose, the heat quantity measurement option has to be enabled. The flow rate as well as the values of the reference sensors flow and return are used for calculating the heat quantity supplied. It is shown in kWh in the **kWh** channel and in MWh in the **MWh** channel. The overall heat quantity results from the sum of both values.

The accumulated heat quantity can be set back to zero (see page 17).

Indication of thermal disinfection

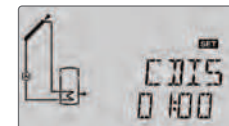


TDIS

Disinfection temperature

Display range: -40 ... +260 °C

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTDIS**) is activated and the disinfection period is in progress, the disinfection temperature measured at the reference sensor is displayed in this channel.

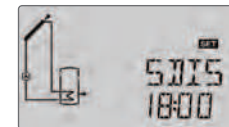


CDIS

Countdown monitoring period

Display range: 0 ... 30:0 ... 24 (dd:hh)

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTDIS**) is activated and the monitoring period is in progress, the remaining time of the monitoring period is displayed as **CDIS** (in hours and minutes), counting backwards.



SDIS

Starting time

Display range: 0:00 ... 24:00 (time)

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTDIS**) is activated and a starting delay time has been adjusted, the delay time is displayed (flashing) in this channel.

en

Installation

Operation and function

Commissioning

Indications, functions and options

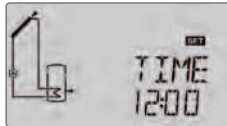
Messages

**DDIS**

Disinfection period

Display range: 0:00 ... 23:59 (hh:mm)

If the thermal disinfection option (**OTDIS**) is activated and the disinfection period is in progress, the remaining time of the heating period is displayed (in hours and minutes) in this channel, counting backwards.

Display of time**TIME**

Time

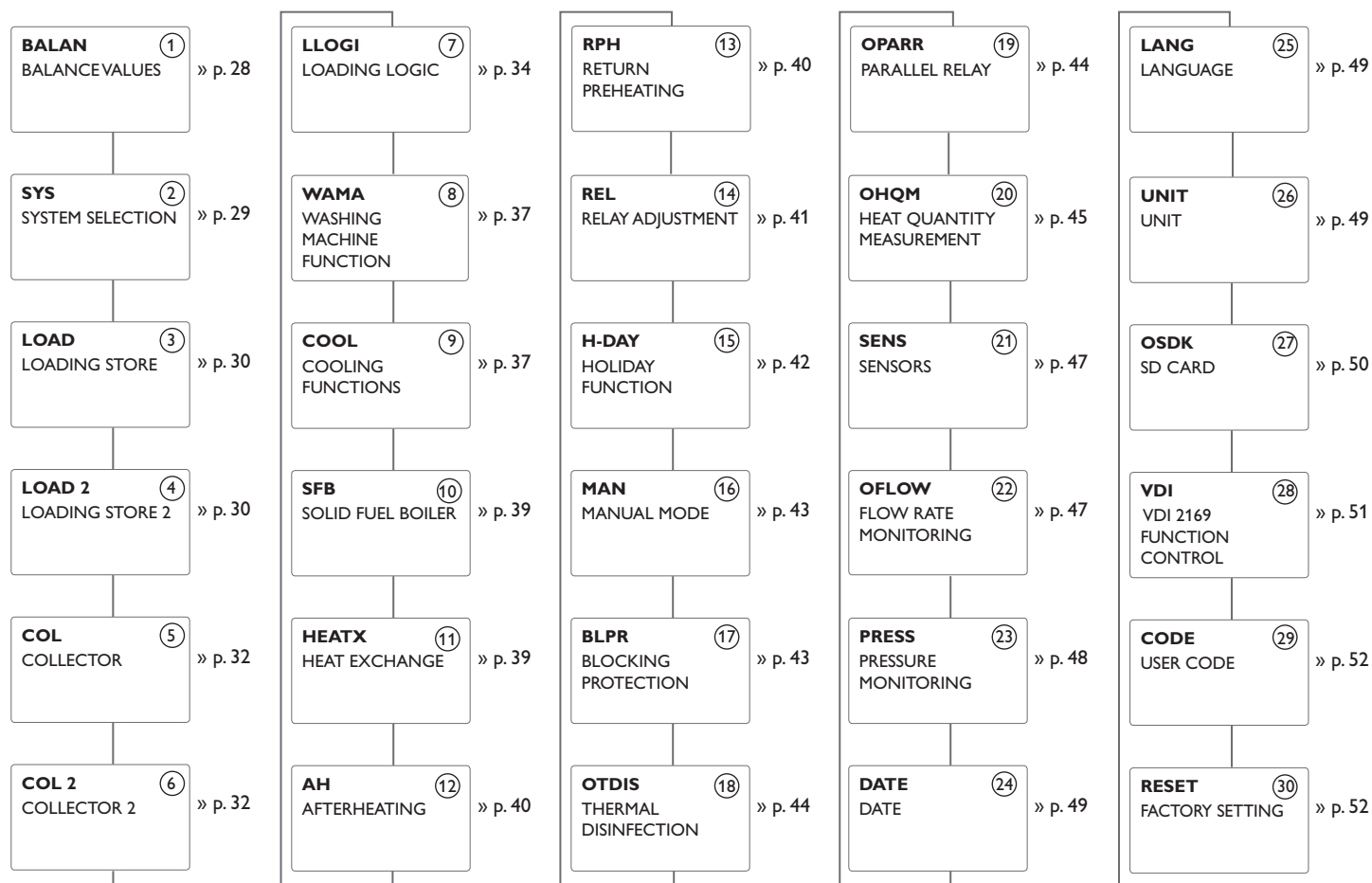
Indicates the current clock time.

Display of date**DATE**

Date

Indicates the current date.

8.2 Menu overview



Parameters shown in the following with a dashed line depend on options and are only indicated if they are available in the system selected.

en

Installation

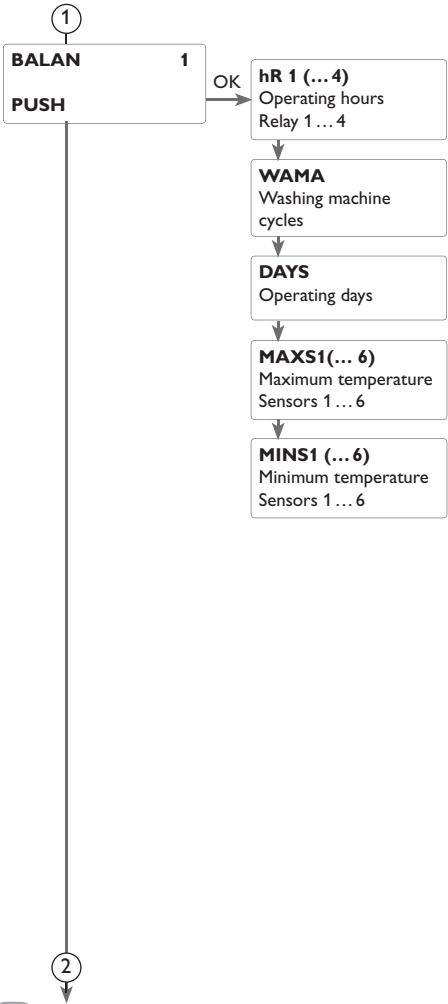
Operation and function

Commissioning

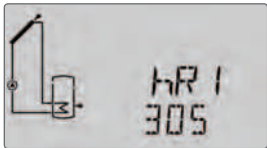
Indications, functions and options

Messages

Balance values



1 Operating hours counter

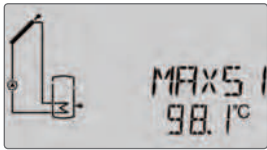


h R {1, 2, 3, 4}
 Operating hours counter
 The operating hours counter accumulates the operating hours of the relay (h R1/h R2/h R3/h R4). Full hours are displayed.
 The accumulated operating hours can be set back to zero (see page 17).

WAMA
 Indicates the number of washing machine cycles completed.

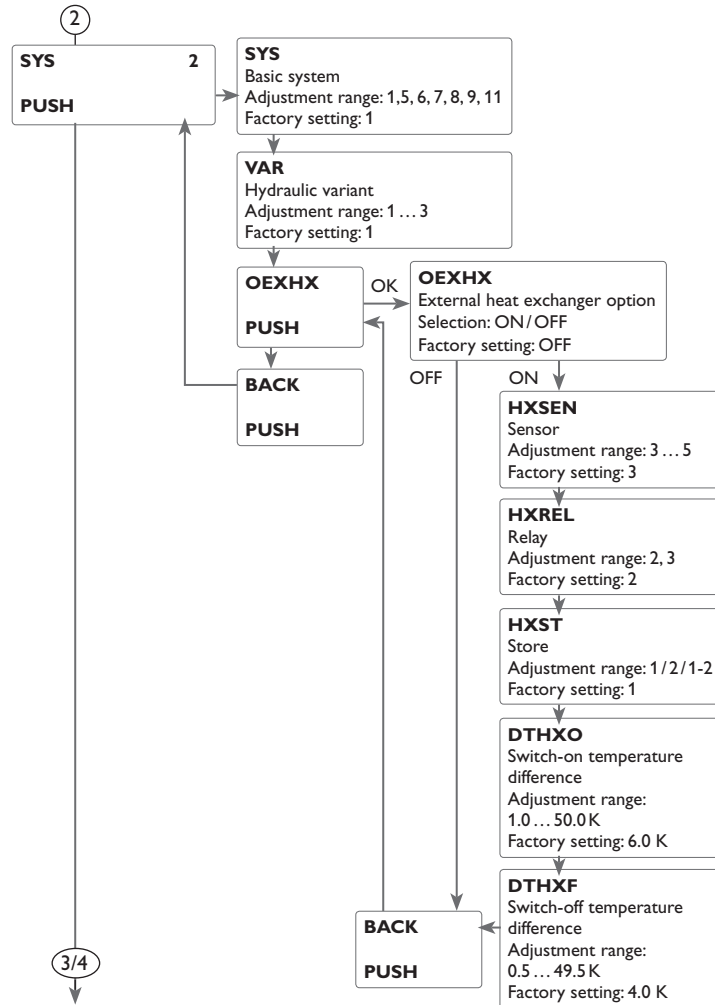
Operating days
DAYS
 Display of operating days since commissioning or last reset. The operating days cannot be set back to zero.

Minimum and maximum temperatures



MAXS1{2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
 Maximum temperatures at S1 ... S6
MINS1{2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
 Minimum temperatures at S1 ... S6
 Indication of the minimum and maximum temperatures at S1 ... S6.
 The temperature indication can be set back to zero (see page 17).

Adjustment level



② System

Selecting the system

Each system has pre-programmed options and adjustments which can be activated or changed respectively if necessary. Select the system first (see chap. 3 on page 15).

Selecting the hydraulic variant

The systems can be displayed either with or without an integrated heat exchanger (see chap. 2.6 on page 8).

External heat exchanger

This function is used to link loading circuits that are separated by an external heat exchanger.

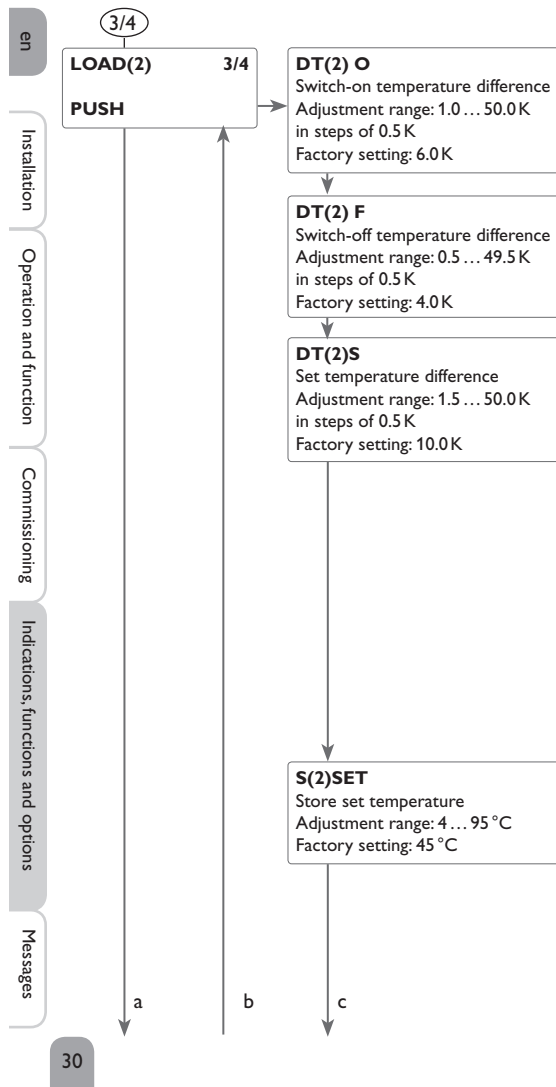
The reference sensor as well as the reference relay can be selected.

The relay is energised if one of the selected stores is being loaded and there is a temperature difference between the sensor of the corresponding store and the sensor of the external heat exchanger.

The relay is switched off if this temperature difference falls below the adjusted switch-off difference.

In systems in which stores are equipped with their own loading pumps, the heat exchanger relay controls the primary circuit pump.

The heat exchanger is protected by a non-adjustable antifreeze function.



3/4 ΔT control

The controller works as a standard differential controller. If the temperature reaches or exceeds the switch-on temperature difference, the pump switches on. When the temperature difference reaches or falls below the adjusted switch-off temperature difference, the respective relay switches off.



Note:

The switch-on temperature difference must be 0.5 K higher than the switch-off temperature difference. The set temperature difference must be at least 0.5 K higher than the switch-on temperature difference.



Note:

In systems with 2 stores or store loading in layers, 2 separate menus (**LOAD** and **LOAD 2**) will be displayed.

Speed control

If the temperature difference reaches or exceeds the switch-on temperature difference, the pump switches on at 100% speed for 10 s. Then, the speed is reduced to the minimum pump speed value.

If the temperature difference reaches the adjusted set value, the pump speed increases by one step (10%). The response of the controller can be adapted via the parameter Rise. Each time the difference increases by the adjustable rise value, the pump speed increases by 10 % until the maximum pump speed of 100% is reached. If the temperature difference decreases by the adjustable rise value, pump speed will be decreased by one step.



Note:

To enable speed control, the corresponding relay has to be set to **AUTO**, **MIN**, **MAX** or **ADAP** (**MAN** channel) and pump control to **PULS**, **PSOL**, **PHEA** or **0-10 V** (adjustment channel **REL**).

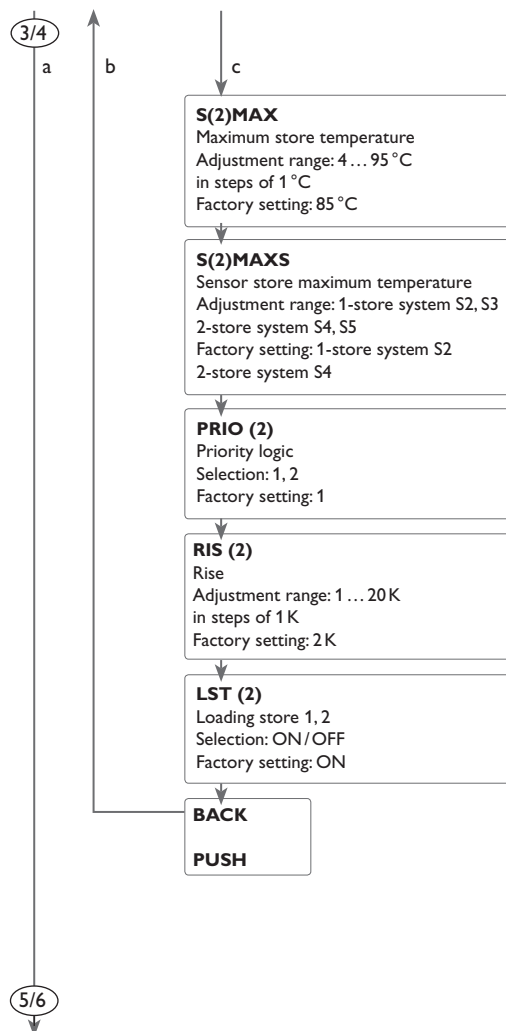
Store set temperature

The store set temperature can be adjusted in the **S(2)SET** channel.



Note:

For more information about relay control, see page 41.



3/4 Priority logic

Priority logic can be used in 2-store systems or systems with store loading in layers only and determines how the heat is divided between the stores.

PRIO: Store 1/store base

PRIO2: Store 2/store top

The store which has been adjusted to 1 is considered as the priority store.

If both stores have been adjusted to an identical value, they will be loaded in parallel.

Store maximum temperature and Sensor store maximum temperature

If the store temperature reaches the adjusted maximum temperature, the store will no longer be loaded in order to avoid damage caused by overheating. If the maximum store temperature is exceeded, ✖ is displayed.

The sensor for store maximum limitation can be selected. The maximum limitation always refers to the sensor selected.

The switch-on hysteresis is selectable.



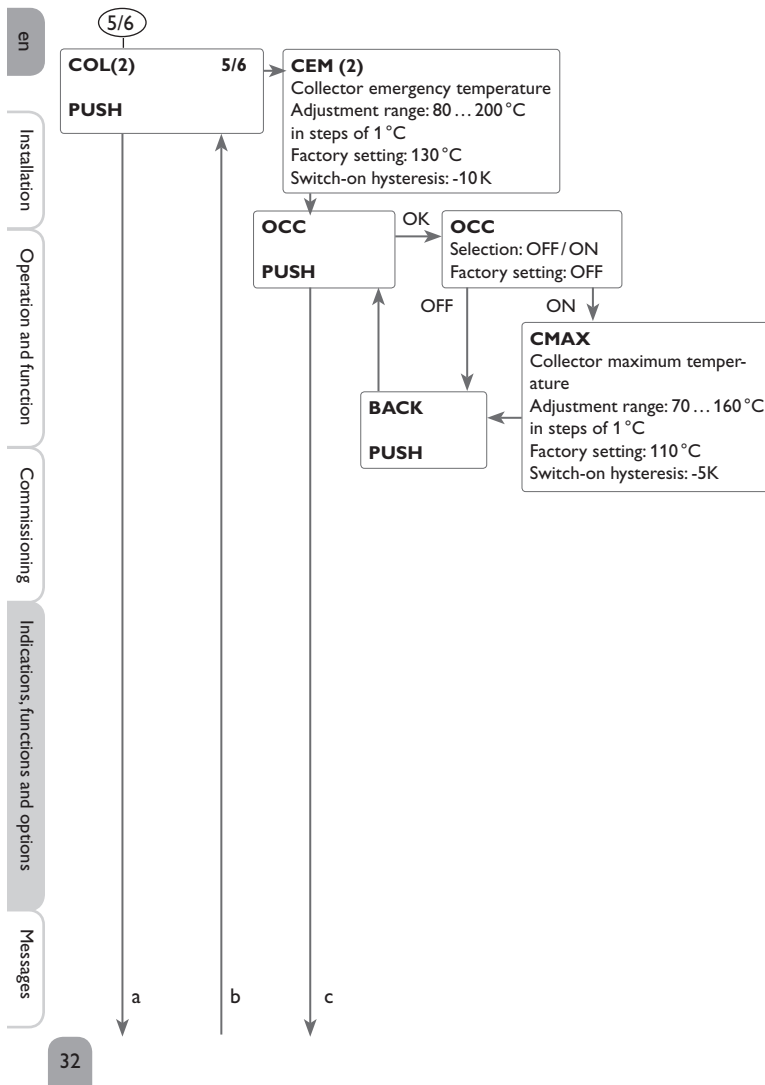
Note:

In systems with 2 stores or store loading in layers, 2 separate menus (**LOAD** and **LOAD 2**) will be displayed.

Loading store

In systems with 2 stores or store loading in layers, one of the two stores or the store zone respectively can be switched off with the parameter **LST(2)**.

If **LST** or **LST2** is adjusted to **OFF**, the system runs like a 1-store system. The representation in the display remains the same.



5/6 Collector emergency shutdown

When the collector temperature exceeds the adjusted collector limit temperature, the solar pump (R1/R2) switches off in order to protect the system components against overheating (collector emergency shutdown). If the maximum collector temperature is exceeded, Δ is displayed (flashing).



Note:

If the drainback option is activated, the adjustment range of the collector emergency temperature is changed to 80 ... 95 °C. Factory setting will be 95 °C.



Note:

In systems with east-/west collectors, 2 separate menus (**COL** and **COL2**) will be displayed.

WARNING! Risk of injury! Risk of system damage by pressure surge!



If water is used as the heat transfer fluid in pressureless systems, water will boil at 100 °C.

→ In pressureless systems with water as the heat transfer fluid, do not set the collector limit temperature higher than 95 °C.

Collector cooling

The Collector cooling function keeps the collector temperature within the operating range by heating the store. If the store temperature reaches 95 °C the function will switch off for safety reasons.

If the store temperature exceeds the adjusted maximum store temperature, the solar system is switched off. If the collector temperature increases to the adjusted maximum collector temperature, the solar pump is activated until the collector temperature falls below the maximum collector temperature. The store temperature may then exceed the maximum temperature, but only up to 95 °C (emergency shutdown of the store).

If the collector cooling is active, \star is displayed (flashing).



Note:

This function is only available if the system cooling function and the heat dump function are not activated.



Note:


In systems with east-/west collectors, 2 separate menus (**COL** and **COL2**) will be displayed.



The parameter **tSTB** is used for adjusting the time period during which the switch-off condition will be ignored after the filling time has ended.



If the drainback option is activated, the cooling functions and the antifreeze function will not be available.

The **H-DAY** menu (holiday function) will also not be available and cannot be selected by means of the microbutton .

The drainback option is only available in systems with 1 store and 1 collector field and if no cooling function is activated.

If the drainback function **ODB** is activated, the factory settings of the parameters **DT O**, **DT F** und **DT S** will be adapted to values suiting drainback systems:

DT O = 10 K
DT F = 4 K
DT S = 15 K

Additionally, the adjustment range and the factory setting of the collector emergency shutdown **CEM** will change:

Adjustment range: 80 ... 120 °C; Factory setting: 95 °C

Adjustments previously made in these channels will be overridden and have to be entered again if the drainback option is deactivated later on.

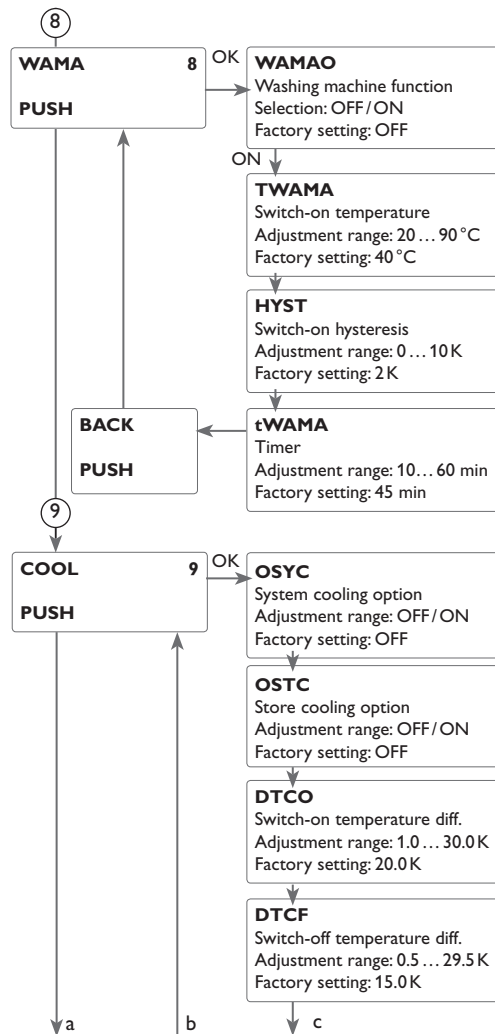
If the holiday function is activated, the drainback option will not be available.

This function is used for switching on a 2. pump when filling the solar system. When solar loading starts, R2 is energised in parallel to R1. After the filling time has elapsed, R2 switches off.

The booster function is available in systems 1, 8, and 9 only.

Successive loading means that the priority store will be loaded up to its maximum temperature. If it is reached, the second store will be loaded. If the temperature of the first store falls below the store set temperature, the second store will no longer be loaded, regardless of whether the switch-on conditions of the priority store or of the subordinate store are fulfilled or not.

If both store have been loaded to their set temperature, the same process described above will take place until the stores have reached their maximum temperature.



8 Washing machine water preheating

Preheating of the washing machine inlet (R2) can be carried out with a thermostat function.

If the value at S4 reaches the switch-on temperature for the washing machine function, the function will be switched on and the temperature will be maintained at the desired value for the adjusted time by means of the valve. After the adjusted time has elapsed, the relay will be deactivated for the same duration.



Note:

If the afterheating is activated, the washing machine function will not be available.

9 Cooling functions

Different cooling functions can be activated: system cooling, store cooling and heat dump.



Note:

If the temperature at the store sensor reaches 95 °C, all cooling functions will be blocked. The switch-on hysteresis is -5 K.



Note:

If one of the cooling functions or the antifreeze function is activated, the drainback option will not be available.

System cooling

The System cooling function aims to keep the solar system operational for a longer time. The function overrides the maximum store temperature to provide thermal relief of the collector field and the heat transfer fluid on hot days.

If the store temperature is higher than the adjusted maximum store temperature and the switch-on temperature difference **DT O** is reached, the solar pump remains switched on or will be switched on. Solar loading is continued until either the temperature difference falls below the adjusted value **DT F** or the collector emergency shutdown temperature is reached.

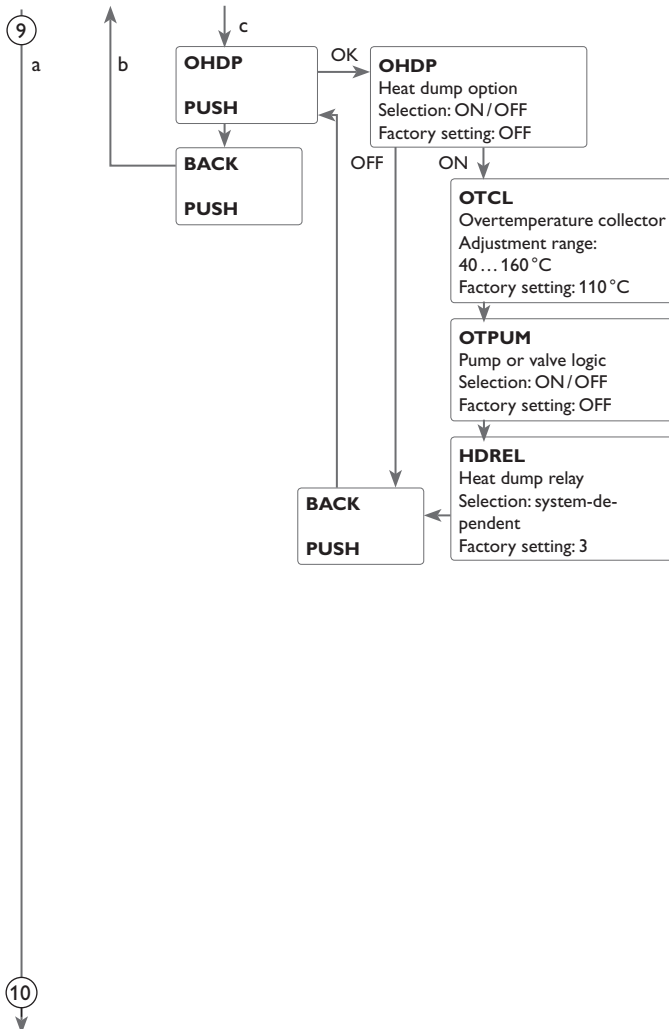
In 2-store systems the sequence of the stores can be adjusted.

If the system cooling is active, ✱ is displayed (flashing).



Note:

This function will only be available if the collector cooling function, the heat dump function, and the drainback option are not activated.



Store cooling

When the Store cooling function is activated, the controller aims to cool down the store during the night in order to prepare it for solar loading on the following day. If the adjusted maximum store temperature is exceeded and the collector temperature falls below the store temperature, the system will be reactivated in order to cool down the store.

DTCO and **DTCF** are used as the reference temperature differences.

Heat dump

The heat dump function can be used to direct excess heat generated by strong solar irradiation to an external heat exchanger (e. g. fan coil) in order to keep the collector temperature within the operating range.

The heat dump function can either use an additional pump or valve (**OTPUM ON** = pump logic, **OTPUM OFF** = valve logic).

Variant pump:

The allocated relay is energised with 100%, if the collector temperature reaches the adjusted switch-on temperature.

If the collector temperature falls by 5 K below the adjusted collector overtemperature, the relay will be switched off. In the variant pump, the heat dump function works independent from solar loading.

Variant valve:

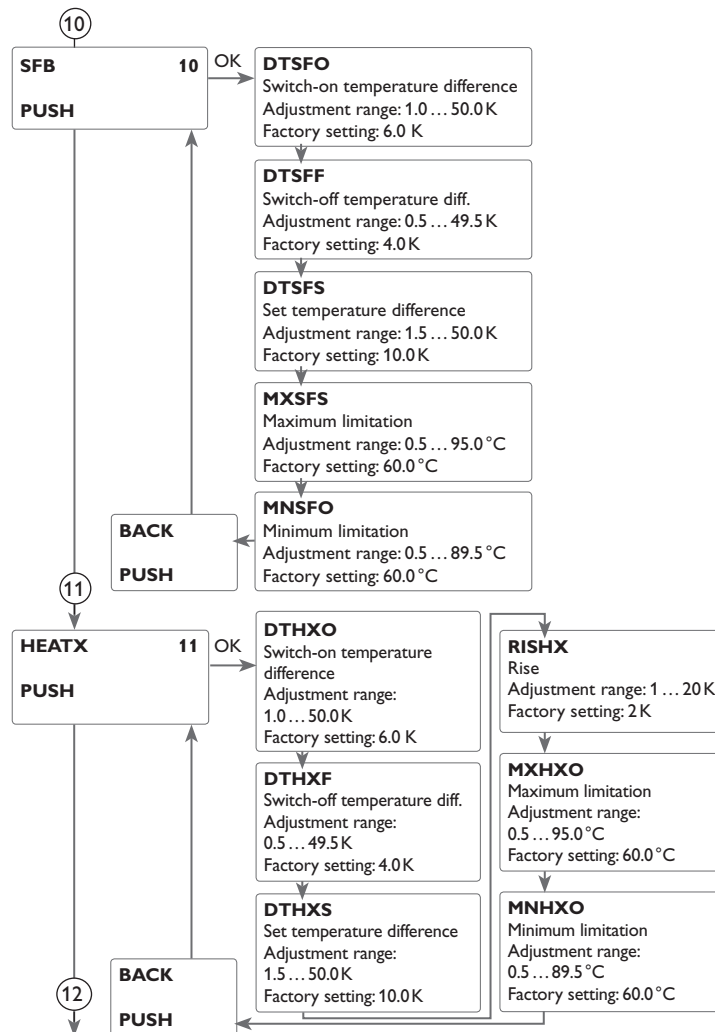
The allocated relay will be energised in parallel to the solar pump, if the collector temperature reaches the adjusted collector overtemperature. If the collector temperature falls by 5 K below the adjusted collector overtemperature, the relay will be switched off.

If one of the store temperatures exceeds its respective maximum temperature by more than 5 K while the heat dump function is being active, the function will be deactivated. If the temperature falls below this value by the **hysteresis maximum store temperature (HYST(2) in LOAD(2))**, the heat dump function is will be available again.



Note:

The adjustable value **OTCL** is blocked against the collector emergency temperature **CEM** by 10 K. This function will only be available if the collector cooling function, the heat dump function, and the drainback option are deactivated.



10 Solid fuel boiler

The Solid fuel boiler function can be used for transferring heat from a solid fuel boiler to a store.

The relay (system-dependent) is energised when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- the temperature difference between the sensors heat source and heat sink has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- the temperature at the solid fuel boiler sensor has exceeded the minimum temperature
- the temperature at the store sensor has fallen below the maximum temperature

When the Set temperature difference is exceeded, pump speed control starts. For every increase or decrease by the rise value, the pump speed will be adjusted by 10%.

The switch-on hysteresis is -5 K.

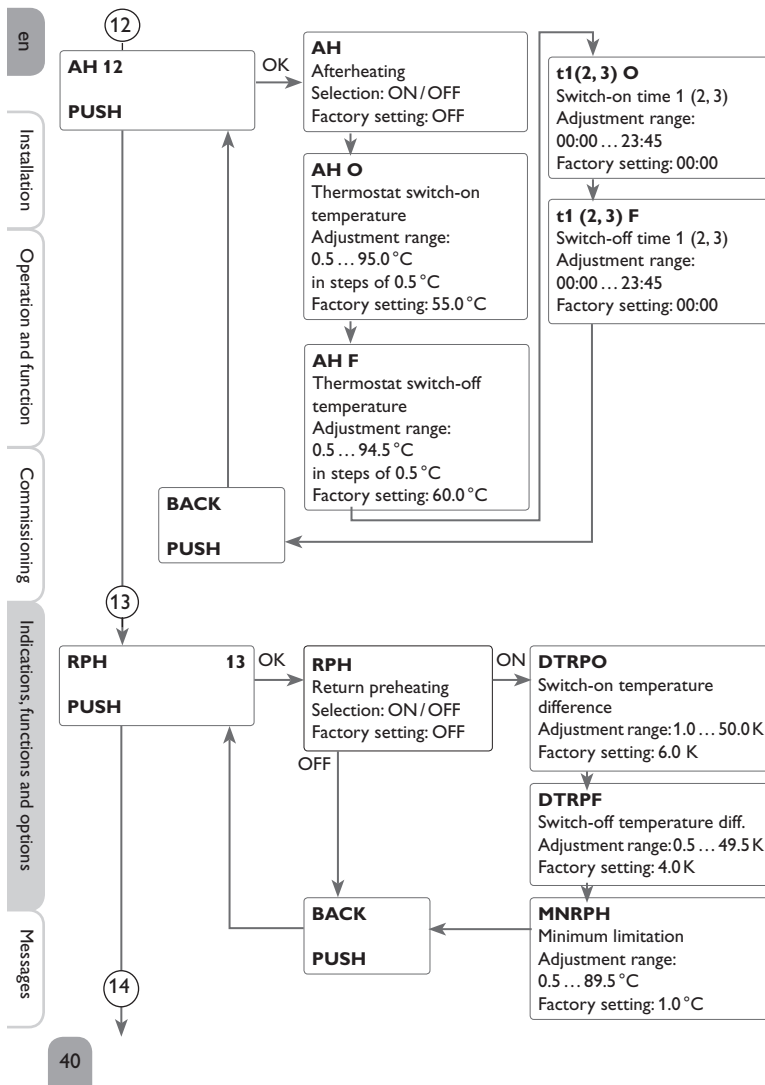
11 Heat exchange function

The Heat exchange function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to a heat sink.

The relay (system-dependent) is energised when all switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- the temperature difference between the sensors heat source and heat sink has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- the temperature at the heat source sensor has exceeded the minimum temperature
- the temperature at the heat sink sensor has fallen below the maximum temperature

When the Set temperature difference is exceeded, pump speed control starts. For every increase or decrease by the rise value, the pump speed will be adjusted by 10%.



12 Afterheating/Thermostat function

The Thermostat function works independently from the solar operation and can e. g. be used for using surplus energy or for afterheating.

- **AH O < AH F**
thermostat function for afterheating
- **AH O > AH F**
thermostat function for using surplus energy

S3 is the reference sensor and R4 the demand relay for the afterheating. Adjustments deviate in system 11 (page 14)!

In order to block the thermostat function for a certain period, there are 3 time frames t1 ... t3. The switch-on and switch-off times can be adjusted in steps of 15 min. If the switch-on and the switch-off times are identical, the time frame is inactive. If the thermostat function is supposed to run from 06:00 a.m. and 09:00 a.m. only, adjust t1 O to 06:00 a.m. and t1 F to 09:00 a.m.

If all time frames are set to 00:00, the thermostat function is solely temperature dependent.



Note:

If the washing machine function is activated, the afterheating will not be available.

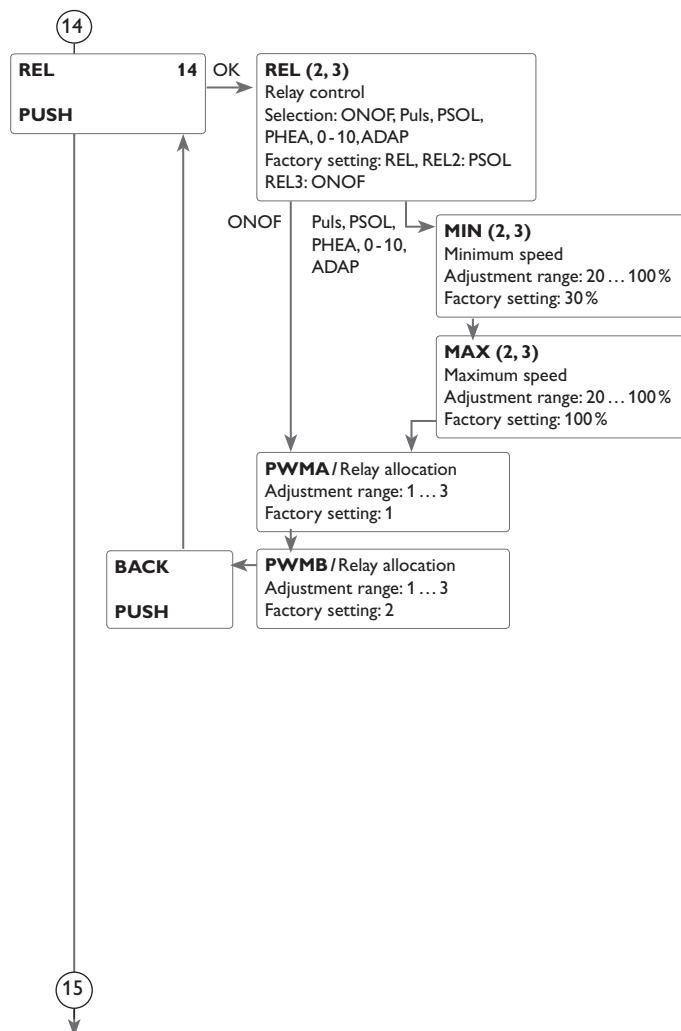
13 Return preheating

The Return preheating function can be used for transferring heat from a heat source to the heating circuit return.

The relay (system-dependent) is energised when both switch-on conditions are fulfilled:

- the temperature difference between the sensors store return and heating circuit return has exceeded the switch-on temperature difference.
- the temperature at the heating circuit return has exceeded the minimum temperature.

The switch-on hysteresis is -5 K.



14 Relay control

With this parameter, the relay control type can be adjusted. The following types can be selected:

Adjustment for standard pump without speed control

- ONOF: Pump on / pump off

Adjustment for standard pump with speed control

- PULS: Burst control via semiconductor relay

Adjustment for high-efficiency pump (HE pump)

- PSOL: PWM profile solar pump
- PHEA: PWM profile heating pump
- 0-10: Speed control via a 0-10V signal
- ADAP: Speed control signal via a VBus® / PWM interface adapter



Note:

For more information about connecting HE pumps, see page 15.

Minimum speed

In the adjustment channel **MIN (2, 3)** a relative minimum speed for connected pumps can be allocated to the outputs R1, R2 and R3.



Note:

When loads which are not speed-controlled (e. g. valves) are used, the pump speed value of the corresponding relay must be set to 100% or the control type must be set to ONOF in order to deactivate pump speed control.

Maximum speed

In the adjustment channel **MAX (2, 3)** a relative maximum speed for connected pumps can be allocated to the outputs R1, R2 and R3.

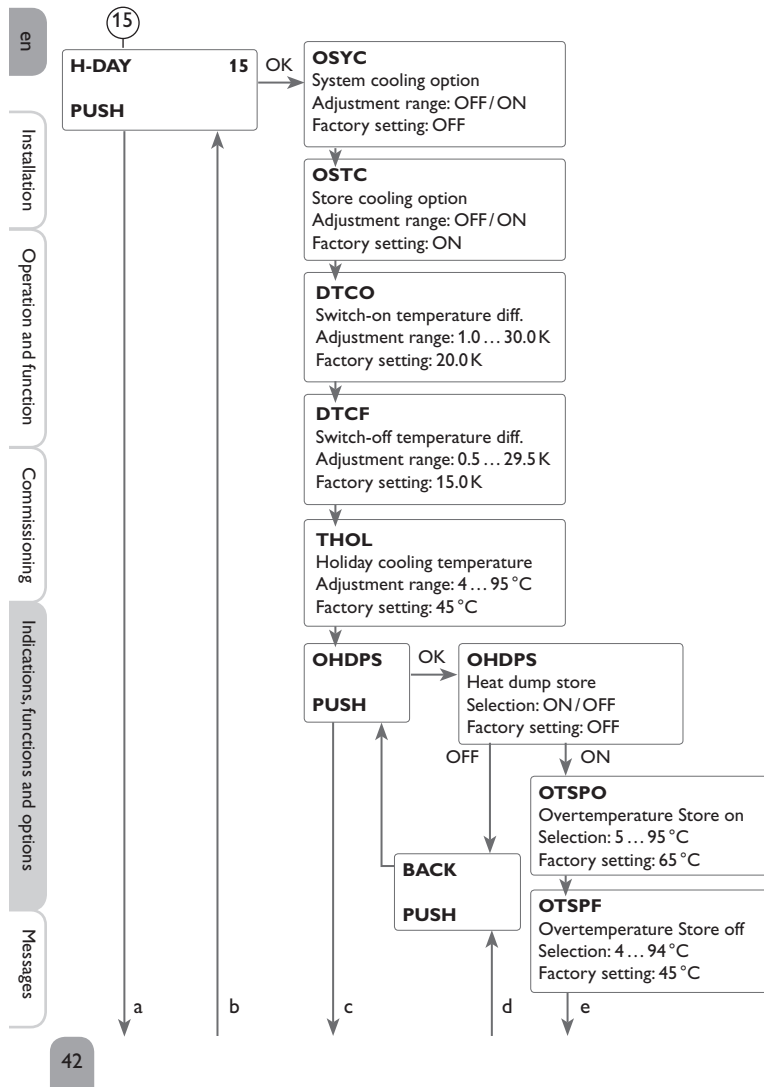


Note:

When loads which are not speed-controlled (e. g. valves) are used, the pump speed value of the corresponding relay must be set to 100% or the control type must be set to ONOF in order to deactivate pump speed control.

Relay allocation for PWM outputs

A relay can be allocated to the PWM outputs PWMA and PWMB in the **PWMA(B)** channel.



15 Holiday function

The Holiday function is used for operating the system when no water consumption is expected, e. g. during a holiday absence. This function cools down the system in order to reduce the thermal load.

Only if the holiday function has been activated with the parameter **DAYS** will the adjustments described in the following become active.

3 cooling functions are available: system cooling, store cooling and store heat dump.

The system cooling function aims to keep the solar system operational for a longer time. The function overrides the maximum store temperature to provide thermal relief of the collector field and the heat transfer fluid on hot days.

The system cooling option can be activated with the parameter **OSYC**. The function uses the adjustable switch-on and switch-off temperature differences **DTO** and **DTF** from the **BEL1(2)** menu.


The store cooling option is activated by default and can be deactivated with the parameter **OSTC**. Store cooling starts when the store temperature exceeds the collector temperature by the adjustable value **DTCO**. It switches off if the store temperature reaches **THOL** or if the temperature difference falls below **DTCF**. The parameter **THOL** is used for adjusting the temperature for store cooling.

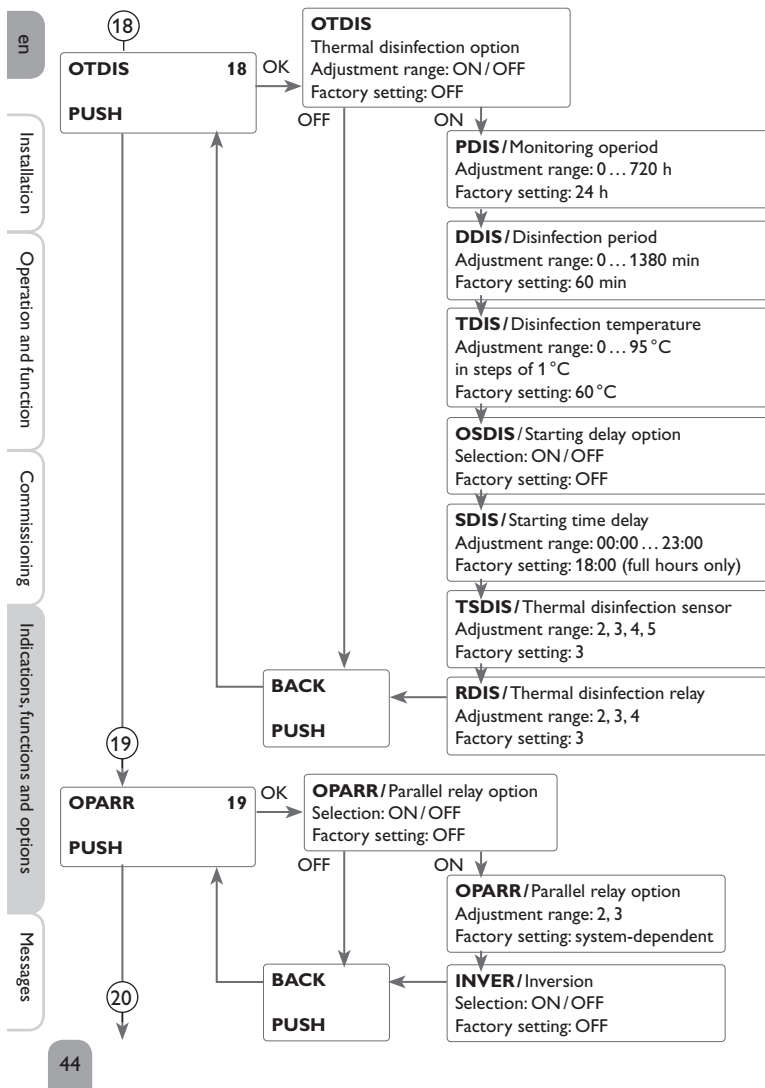
The store heat dump function can be used to direct excess heat generated by strong solar irradiation from the store to an external heat exchanger (e. g. fan coil) or radiator in order to prevent the collectors from overheating. The store heat dump function is independent of the solar system and can be activated with the parameter **OHDP**. The function uses the adjustable switch-on and switch-off temperature differences **OTSP** and **OTSPF**. If temperature measured at the sensor selected in **HDSN** reaches the switch-on temperature, the relay selected in **HDREL** will be energised until the temperature difference falls below the switch-off value. In systems with afterheating, the parameter **AHOFF** can be used for switching off the afterheating during a holiday absence.

The parameter **DAYS** can be used for entering the number of days for a holiday absence. If the parameter is set to a value higher than 0, the function becomes active using the adjustments that have previously been made in the **H-DAY** menu. The days will be counted backwards from 00:00 o'clock. If the value is set to 0, the function is deactivated.



Note:

The parameter **DAYS** can be accessed via the microbutton  only (see page 28).



18 Thermal disinfection

This function helps to contain the spread of Legionella in DHW stores by systematically activating the afterheating.

One sensor and one relay can be selected for this function.

For thermal disinfection, the temperature at the allocated sensor has to be monitored. Protection is ensured when, during the monitoring period, the disinfection temperature is continuously exceeded for the entire disinfection period.

The monitoring period starts as soon as the temperature at the allocated sensor falls below the disinfection temperature. When the monitoring period ends, the allocated reference relay activates the afterheating. The disinfection period starts, if the temperature at the allocated sensor exceeds the disinfection temperature.

Thermal disinfection can only be completed when the disinfection temperature is exceeded for the duration of the disinfection period without any interruption.

Starting time delay

If the starting delay option is activated, a starting time for the thermal disinfection with starting delay can be adjusted. The activation of the afterheating is then delayed until that starting time after the monitoring period has ended.

If the monitoring period ends, for example, at 12:00 o'clock, and the starting time has been set to 18:00, the reference relay will be energised with a delay of 6 hours at 18:00 instead of 12:00 o'clock.



Note:

If the thermal disinfection option is activated, the display channels **TDIS**, **CDIS**, **SDIS** and **DDIS** will be displayed.

19 Parallel relay

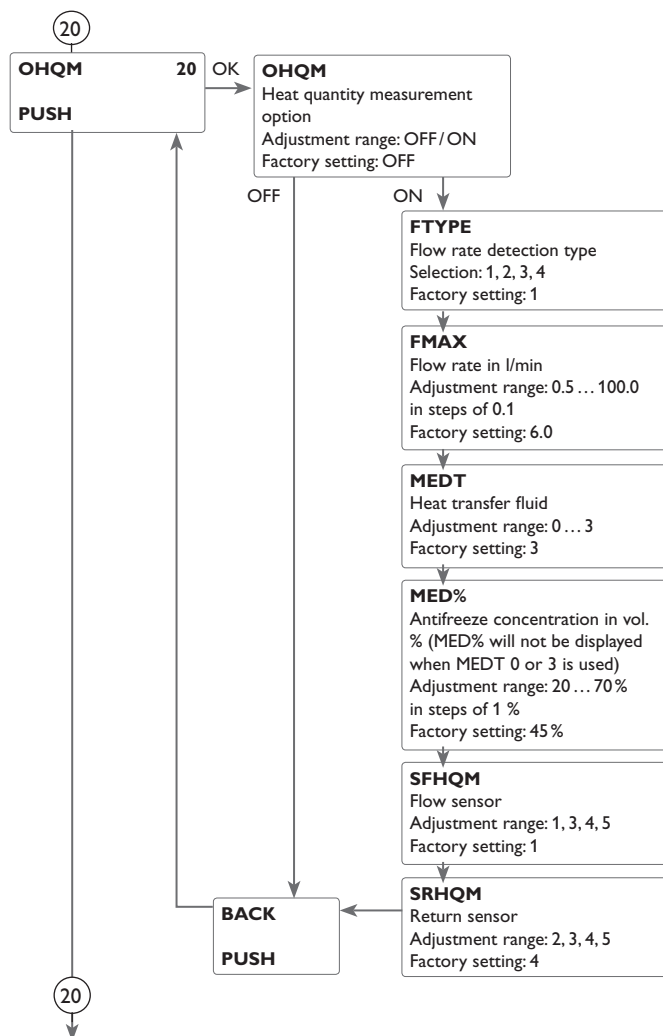
With this function, e. g. a valve can be controlled in parallel to the pump via a separate relay.

If solar loading takes place (R1 and/or R2) or if a solar function is active, the relay selected will be energised. The parallel relay can also be energised inversely.



Note:

If R1 and/or R2 are in the manual mode, the selected parallel relay will not be energised.



20 Heat quantity measurement

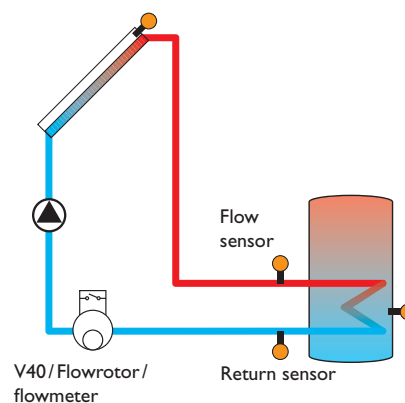
The heat quantity measurement can be carried out in 4 different ways: without V40 flowmeter, with a V40 flowmeter, with a Grundfos Direct Sensor™ or with a Flowrotor.



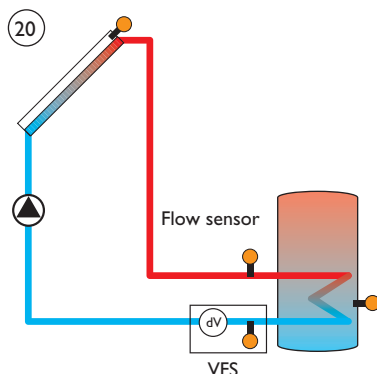
Note:

The most precise heat quantity measurement is achieved by using sensors in the flow and return pipes as well as a flowmeter.

In 2-collector systems, heat quantity measurement can only be carried out with sensors installed in the common flow and return pipes.



Example of flow and return sensor positions for heat quantity measurement with a fixed flow rate value (flowmeter), Flowrotor or a V40 flowmeter.



VFS sensor position for heat quantity measurement with Grundfos Direct Sensor™ (for adjustments see right-hand side)

- ➔ Enable the heat quantity measurement option in the channel **OHQM**.
- ➔ Select the type of flow rate detection in the channel **FTYPE**.

Flow rate detection type:

- 1 : Fixed flow rate value (flowmeter)
- 2 : V40
- 3 : Grundfos Direct Sensor™ VFS
- 4 : Flowrotor



Note:

If the flow rate detection type V40, Grundfos Direct Sensor™ or Flowrotor has been adjusted, the impulse rate of the sensor must be adjusted in the SENS menu (see page 47).



Note:

If a V40, Grundfos Direct Sensor™ or Flowrotor is used as the flow rate sensor (flow rate detection type 2, 3 or 4) and is then deactivated in the SENS menu, the flow rate detection type will be set to 1 (flowmeter) and heat quantity measurement will be deactivated.

Heat quantity measurement with fixed flow rate value

The heat quantity balancing (estimation) uses the difference between the flow and return temperatures and the entered flow rate (at 100% pump speed).

- ➔ Adjust **1** in the channel **FTYPE**
- ➔ Read the flow rate (l/min) and adjust it in the **FMAX** channel.
- ➔ Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid in the channels MEDT and MED%.



Note:

Heat quantity measurement is not possible in systems with 2 solar pumps.

Antifreeze type:

- 0 : Water
- 1 : Propylene glycol
- 2 : Ethylene glycol
- 3 : Tyfocor® LS/G-LS

Heat quantity measurement with V40 flowmeter:

The heat quantity measurement uses the difference between the flow and return temperatures and the flow rate transmitted by the flowmeter.

- ➔ Adjust **2** in the channel **FTYPE**.
- ➔ Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid in the channels MEDT and MED%.

Heat quantity measurement with Grundfos Direct Sensor™:

The heat quantity measurement uses the difference between flow and return temperature and the flow rate transmitted by the VFS sensor.

- ➔ Adjust **3** in the channel **FTYPE**.
- ➔ Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid in the channels MEDT and MED%.

Heat quantity measurement with Flowrotor:

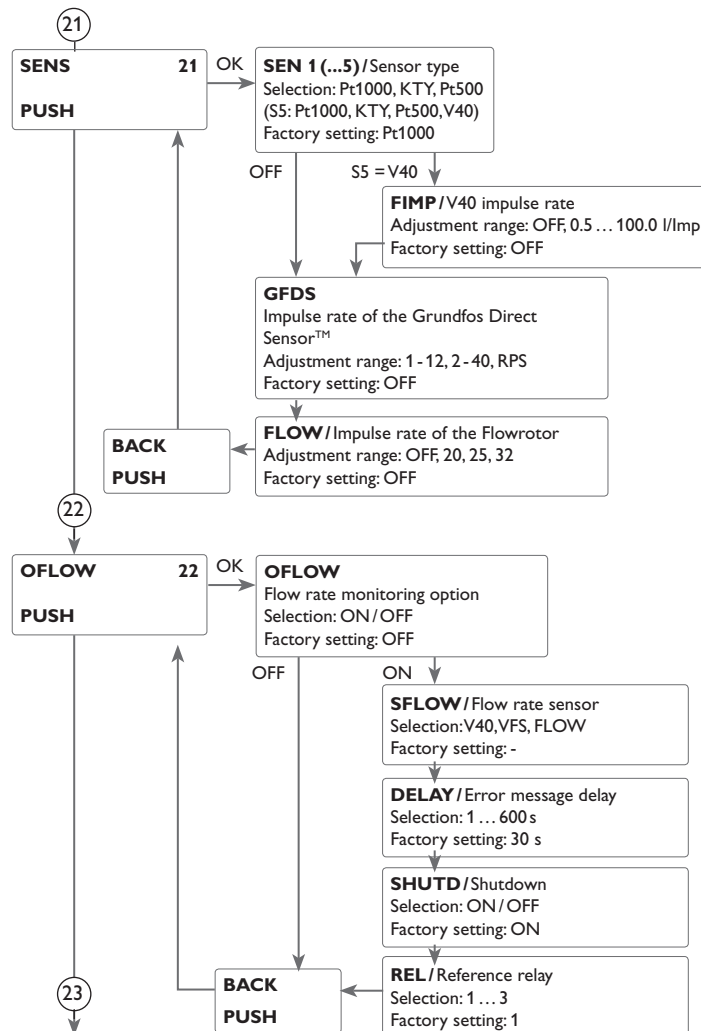
The heat quantity measurement uses the difference between the flow and return temperatures and the flow rate transmitted by the Flowrotor.

- ➔ Adjust **4** in the channel **FTYPE**.
- ➔ Adjust the antifreeze type and concentration of the heat transfer fluid in the channels MEDT and MED%.

HQM sensors

The flow sensor as well as the return sensor can be selected for heat quantity measurement.

- ➔ In the channel **SFHQM**, select the flow sensor.
- ➔ In the channel **SRHQM**, select the return sensor.



21 Sensors

The sensor type can be selected for the sensor inputs S1 to S5.

The impulse rate can be adjusted for the sensor inputs Grundfos Direct Sensor™, Flowrotor and V40.



Note:

To deactivate the Grundfos Direct Sensor™, the functions using this sensor have to be deactivated first.



Note:

When the Grundfos Direct Sensor™ is connected to the controller for the first time (or after a reset), heat quantity measurement will be activated automatically with the following parameters:

OHQM = ON

FTYPE = 3

SFHQM = 6

VFS = 1-12

MEDT = 3 (Tyfocor LS)

22 Flow rate monitoring

The flow rate monitoring function can be used for detecting malfunctions that impede the flow rate and for switching off the corresponding store. This will prevent system damage, e.g. through a dry run of the pump.

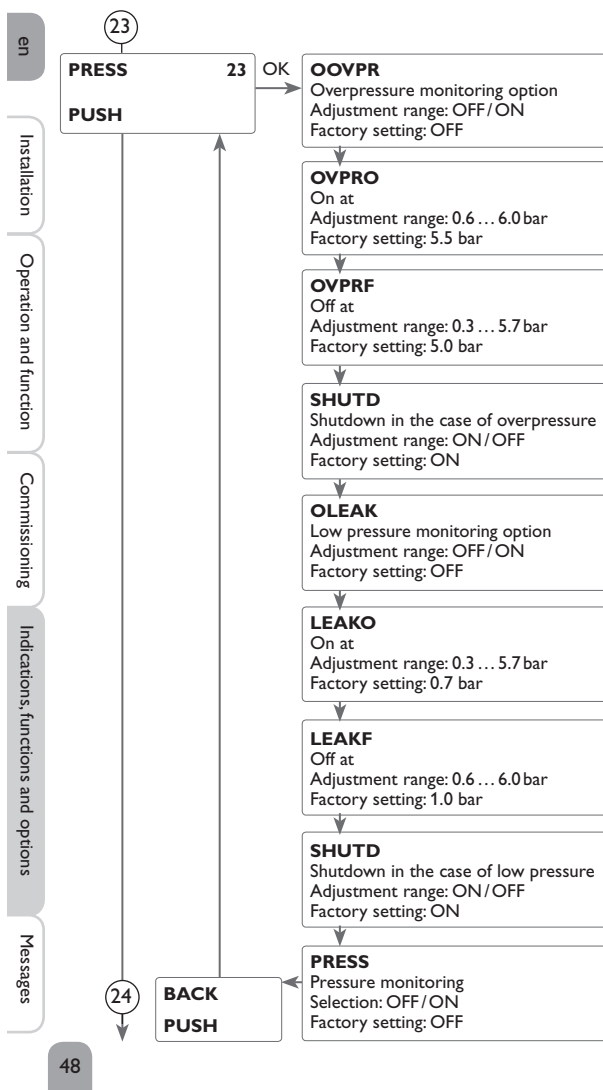
If the allocated relay is energised, the flow rate will be monitored at the allocated sensor. An error message will appear when no flow rate is detected at the allocated sensor after the delay time has passed.

If the shutdown option has been activated for the flow rate monitoring function, the store being loaded will be blocked for any further loading until the error message has been acknowledged. The next store free for loading will be loaded instead, if possible. When the error message has been acknowledged, the monitoring function will be active again.



Note:

If the flow rate sensor in use is removed, the flow rate monitoring function will be deactivated.



23 Pressure monitoring



Note:

The pressure monitoring function will only be available when an RPS type Grundfos Direct Sensor™ is connected.

The pressure monitoring function can be used for detecting overpressure or low pressure conditions inside the system, and if necessary to shut down the affected system components in order to avoid system damage.

Overpressure

If the system pressure exceeds the adjustable switch-on value, an error message will appear.

If the Shutdown option has been activated for the overpressure monitoring function, the solar system will be shut down as well in the case of a fault condition.

When the pressure reaches or falls below the adjustable switch-off value, the system is switched on again.



Note:

For the **Overpressure monitoring** function, the switch-on value has to be adjusted at least 0.1 bar higher than the switch-off value. The adjustment ranges will automatically adapt to that.

Low pressure (leakage)

If the system pressure falls below the adjustable switch-on value, an error message will appear.

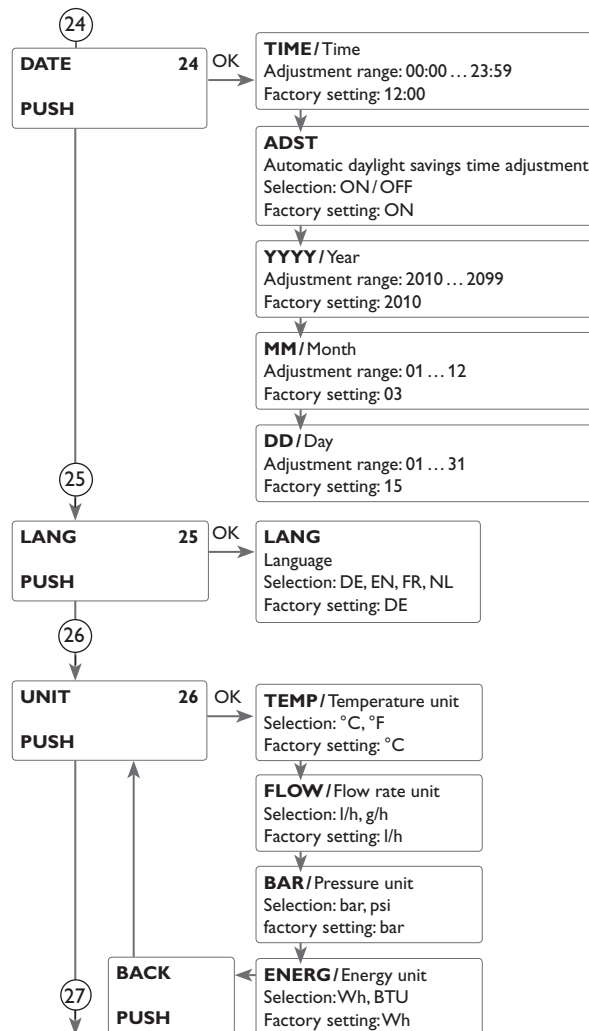
If the Shutdown option has been activated for the low pressure monitoring function, the solar system will be shut down as well in the case of a fault condition.

When the pressure reaches or exceeds the adjustable switch-off value, the system is switched on again.



Note:

For the **Low pressure monitoring** function, the switch-off value has to be adjusted at least 0.1 bar higher than the switch-on value. The adjustment ranges will automatically adapt to that.



24 Time and date

The controller is equipped with a real time clock required e. g. for the thermostat function.

In the display, the lower line indicates the day followed by the month.

25 Language

In this adjustment channel the menu language can be selected.

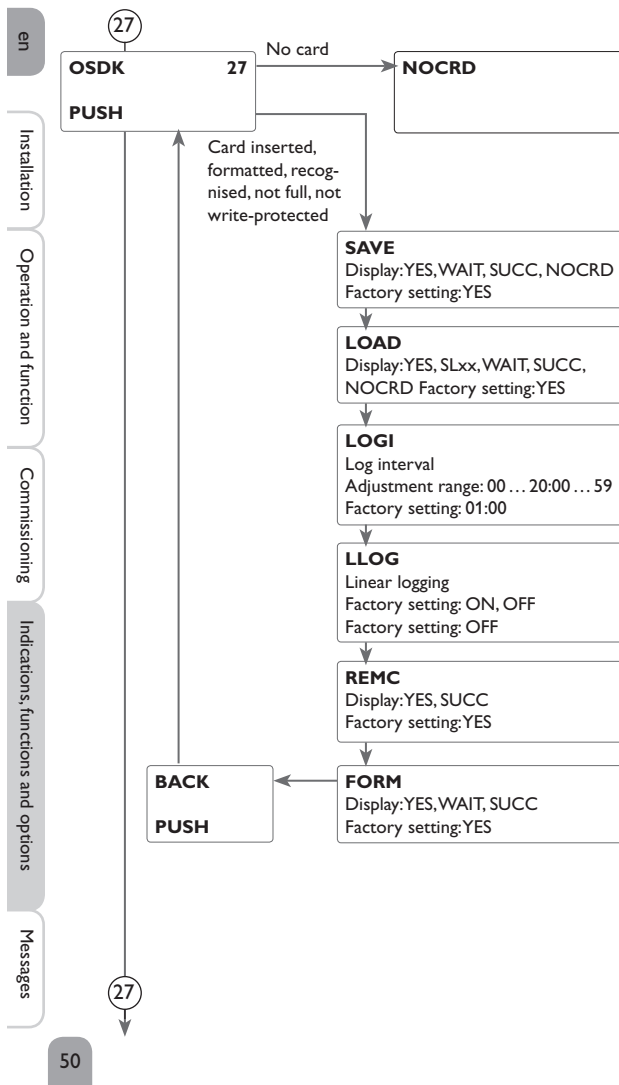
- DE : German
- EN : English
- FR : French
- NL : Dutch

26 Units

Adjustment channel for the following units:

- Temperature
- Flow rate
- Pressure
- Energy

The units can be switched during operation.



27 MicroSD card

The controller is equipped with a MicroSD card slot for MicroSD memory cards.

With a MicroSD card, the following functions can be carried out:

- Logging measurement and balance values. After the transfer to a computer, the values can be opened and visualised, e.g. in a spreadsheet.
- Store adjustments and parameterisations on the MicroSD card and, if necessary, retrieve them from there.
- Running firmware updates on the controller.

While a MicroSD card is being used, the symbol **COM** will be displayed. If the MicroSD card is full, **COM** will start flashing.

Firmware updates

After a MicroSD card with a firmware update has been inserted, the enquiry **UPDA** will be indicated on the display.

➔ In order to run an update, select **YES** and confirm with the right button.

The update is run automatically. The indication **UPDA** and the progress in % will appear on the display. When the update has been completed, the controller will automatically reboot and run a short initialisation phase.

➔ To skip the update, select **NO**.

The controller commences normal operation.



Note:

The controller will only find a firmware update on a MicroSD memory card when it is stored in a folder named **HRSolar/Advanced**.

➔ Create a folder named **HRSolar** on the MicroSD card, create a sub-folder **Advanced**, and extract the downloaded ZIP file into this folder.

Starting the logging

➔ Insert the MicroSD card into the slot.

Logging will start immediately.

➔ Adjust the desired logging interval **LOGI**.

When **LLOG** is activated, data logging will stop if the capacity limit is reached. The message **CFULL** will be displayed.

With non-linear logging (when **LLOG** is deactivated), the oldest data logged onto the SD card will be overwritten as soon as the capacity limit is reached.

27 Completing the logging process

- Select the menu item **REMC**.
- After **-REM** is displayed remove the card from the slot.

Formatting the MicroSD card

- Select the menu item **FORM**.
- During the formatting process, **--FORM** will be displayed.

The content of the card will be deleted and the card will be formatted with the FAT file system.

Storing controller adjustments

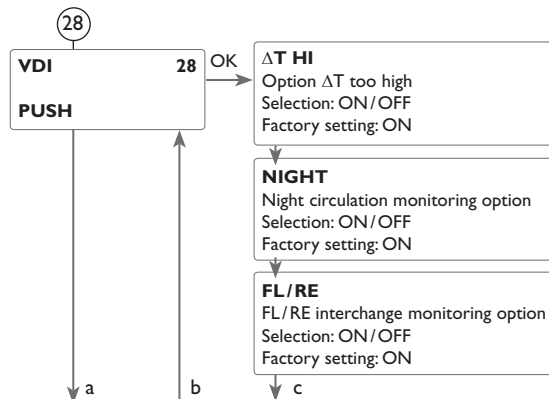
- To store the controller adjustments on the MicroSD card, select the menu item **SAVE**.

While the adjustments are being stored, first **WAIT**, then **SUCC** will be indicated on the display. The controller adjustments are stored as a .SET file on the MicroSD card.

Loading controller adjustments

- To load controller adjustments from an SD card, select the menu item **LOAD**. The File selection window is indicated.
- Select the desired .SET file.

While the adjustments are being loaded, first **WAIT**, then **SUCC** will be indicated on the display.



Messages possible	Description
FSYS	File system error
CTYP	Card type is not supported
WRIT	Error during writing
NOCRD	No card in slot
LOGG	Logging is possible
WRITP	Card is write-protected
CFULL	Card full
RTIME	Remaining logging time in days
REMC	Safely remove card command
-REM	Card is being removed
FORM	Formatting SD card command
--FORM	Formatting in progress
LOGI	Logging interval in min
LLOG	Linear logging
WAIT	Wait
SUCC	Successful



Note:

Because of the increasing size of the data packets, the remaining logging time does not decrease linearly. The data packet size can increase, e. g. with the increasing operating hours value.

28 Function control

ΔT monitoring

This function is used for monitoring the temperature difference. The message ΔT too high is shown if solar loading has been carried out for a period of 20 min with a differential higher than 50 K. Normal operation is not aborted or inhibited, but the system should be checked for the cause of the warning.

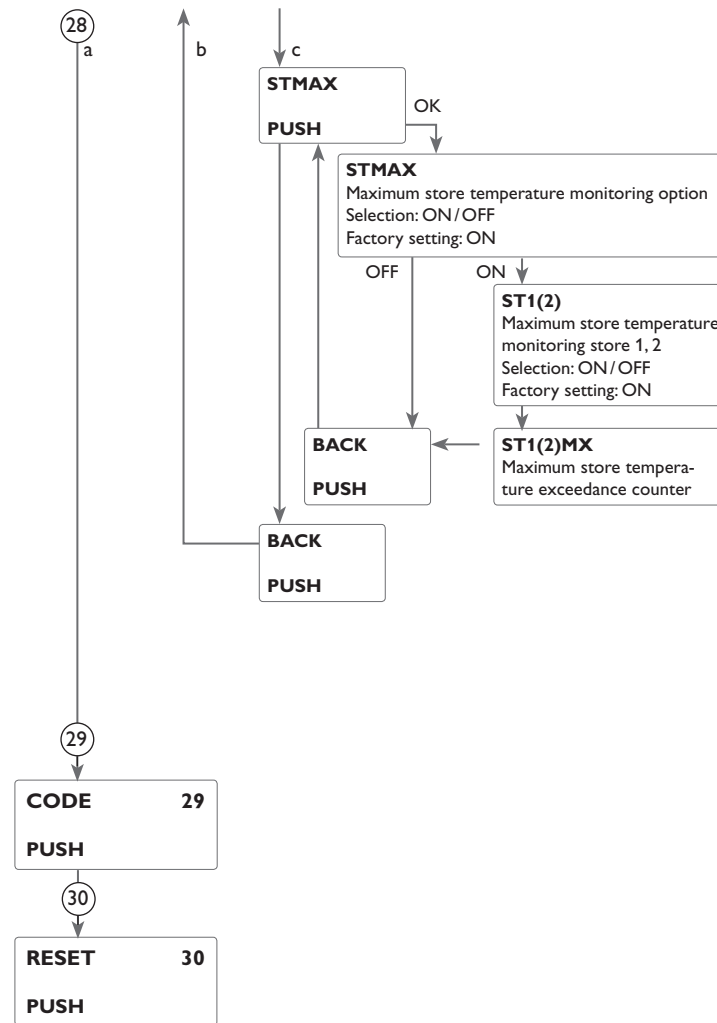
Possible causes are:

- pump power too weak
- blocked system components
- circulation problems in the collector
- air inside the pipework
- defective valve/ defective pump

Night circulation

This function can be used for detecting thermal circulation inside the solar circuit that leads to an unwanted cooling of the store. A warning message will appear when the following condition has been detected for at least 1 min during the period between 11 p.m. and 5 a.m.:

- collector temperature exceeds 40 °C



28 The delay time of 1 min ensures that the message is not triggered by short-term fault conditions.

Possible causes are:

- defective non-return valves
- defective valve
- wrongly adjusted time

Flow and return interchanged

This function is used for detecting an interchange of the flow and return pipe or a badly placed collector sensor. For this purpose, the collector temperature is monitored for plausibility during the switch-on phases of the solar pump. The message FL/RE interchanged will appear, when the plausibility criteria have not been met 5 times in a row.

Maximum store temperature

This function is used for detecting and indicating if the adjusted maximum store temperature has been exceeded. The controller compares the current store temperature to the adjusted maximum store temperature, thus monitoring the store loading circuits.

The maximum store temperature is considered exceeded when the temperature measured at the store sensor exceeds the adjusted maximum store temperature by at least 5 K. The monitoring becomes active again as soon as the store temperature falls below the adjusted maximum store temperature.

The channels **ST1**, **ST2** can be used for selecting the stores to be monitored. The number of exceedances is displayed in the ST1(2)MX channels. A possible cause for an unwanted exceedance of the maximum store temperature is a defective valve.



Note:

Only if the installer code is entered (see page 53), will the option be available.

29 Code

The user code can be entered in the **CODE** menu (see page 53).

30 Reset

By means of the reset function, all adjustments can be set back to the factory settings. To do so, the installer code must be entered (see page 53).

9 User code and short menu – Adjustment values

CODE

The access to some adjustment values can be restricted via a user code (customer).

1. Installer **0262** (Factory setting)

All menus and adjustment values are shown and all values can be altered.

2. Customer **0000**

The installer level is not shown, adjustment values can be changed partly.

For safety reasons, the user code should generally be set to the customer code before the controller is handed to the customer!

→ In order to restrict the access, enter 0000 in the menu item **CODE**.

The display changes to the status level. The short menu shown will then be available in the adjustment level. The short menu suits the selected system.

→ In order to authorise access to the installer level, enter 0262 in the menu item **CODE**.

Short menu

Channel	Factory setting	Adjustment range	Designation
WAMAO	ON	ON/OFF	Washing machine function
TIME	12:00	00:00 ... 23:59	Time
DT O	6.0 K	1.0 ... 50.0 K	Switch-on temperature difference store
DT F	4.0 K	0.5 ... 49.5 K	Switch-off temperature difference store
S SET	45 °C	5.0 ... 95.0 °C	Store set temperature
S MAX	60 °C	4 ... 95 °C	Store maximum limitation
LST	ON	ON/OFF	Loading store on
DT2O	6.0 K	1.0 ... 50.0 K	Switch-on temperature difference store 2
DT2F	4.0 K	0.5 ... 49.5 K	Switch-off temperature difference store 2
S2SET	45 °C	5.0 ... 95.0 °C	Set store temperature store 2
S2MAX	60 °C	4 ... 95 K	Store maximum limitation store 2
LST2	ON	ON/OFF	Loading store 2 on
CODE	0000	0000/0262	User code

10 Messages

In the case of an error, the control LED starts flashing red and a message is indicated in the status display. A warning triangle is additionally indicated. If more than one error or fault condition has occurred, only the one with the highest priority will be displayed as a message in the status display.

In the case of a sensor error, the system switches off, and a message appears on the display. Additionally, a corresponding value for the error type assumed is indicated.

Error code display	Plain text display	Monitoring function	Cause
0001	!LINE BREAK SENSOR X!	Sensor line break	Sensor line broken
0002	!SHORT CIRCUIT SENSOR X!	Sensor short circuit	Sensor line short-circuited
0011	!DT TOO HIGH!	DT too high	Collector 50 K > than store to be loaded
0021	!NIGHT CIRCULATION!	Night circulation	Betw. 11 p.m. and 5 a.m. col. temp > 40 °C
0031	!FL/RE INTERCHANGED!	FL/RL interchanged	Col. temp. does not rise after switching on
0041	!FLOW RATE MONITORING!	Flow rate monitoring	No flow rate at sensor
0051	!OVERPRESSURE!	Overpressure monitoring	Max. system pressure exceeded
0052	!LOW PRESSURE!	Low pressure monitoring	System pressure below minimum
0061	!DATA MEMORY DEFECTIVE!	Storing and changing adjustments not possible	
0081	STORE MAX EXCEEDED	Maximum store temperature	St. max has been exceeded

After the error has been removed and acknowledged, the error message disappears.

→ In order to acknowledge an error message, select the message and press the left button (←) for 2 s.





Note:

The function control „flow and return interchanged“ according to the VDI guidelines 2169 can only correctly detect and indicate the error „0031 !FL/RE INTERCHANGED!“ if the collector sensor measures the temperature directly in the fluid at the collector outlet. If the collector sensor is not correctly placed, a false message may occur.

→ Place the collector sensor directly in the fluid at the collector outlet or deactivate the “flow and return interchanged” function control.

11 Troubleshooting

Control LED in the Lightwheel® is flashing red. The symbol  is indicated on the display and the symbol  is flashing.

Sensor fault. An error code instead of a temperature is shown on the corresponding sensor display channel.

888.8

- 88.8

Cable is broken.
Check the cable.

Short circuit.
Check the cable.

Disconnected temperature sensors can be checked with an ohmmeter. Please check if the resistance values correspond with the table.

°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω KTY	°C	°F	Ω Pt500	Ω Pt1000	Ω KTY
-10	14	481	961	1499	55	131	607	1213	2502
-5	23	490	980	1565	60	140	616	1232	2592
0	32	500	1000	1633	65	149	626	1252	2684
5	41	510	1019	1702	70	158	636	1271	2778
10	50	520	1039	1774	75	167	645	1290	2874
15	59	529	1058	1847	80	176	655	1309	2971
20	68	539	1078	1922	85	185	664	1328	3071
25	77	549	1097	2000	90	194	674	1347	3172
30	86	559	1117	2079	95	203	683	1366	3275
35	95	568	1136	2159	100	212	693	1385	3380
40	104	578	1155	2242	105	221	702	1404	3484
45	113	588	1175	2327	110	230	712	1423	3590
50	122	597	1194	2413	115	239	721	1442	3695

If a malfunction occurs, a message will appear on the display of the controller.

Lightwheel® or display are permanently off.

Press the right button . Display illuminated?

no

yes

Controller has been in
standby, everything o.k.

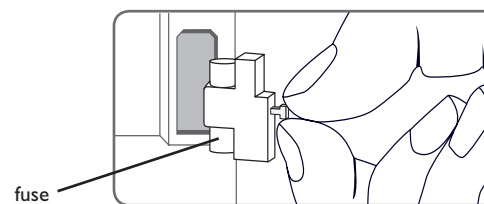
Check the power supply of the controller. Is it disconnected?

no

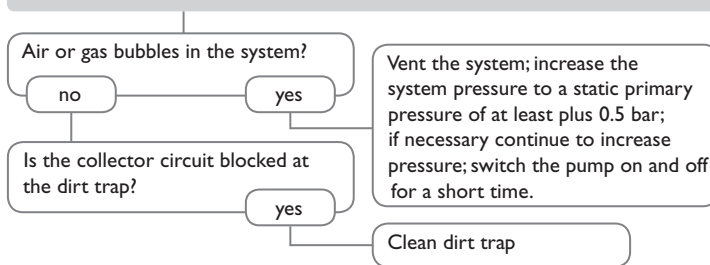
yes

The fuse of the controller could be
blown. The fuse becomes accessible
when the cover is removed. The
fuse can then be replaced.

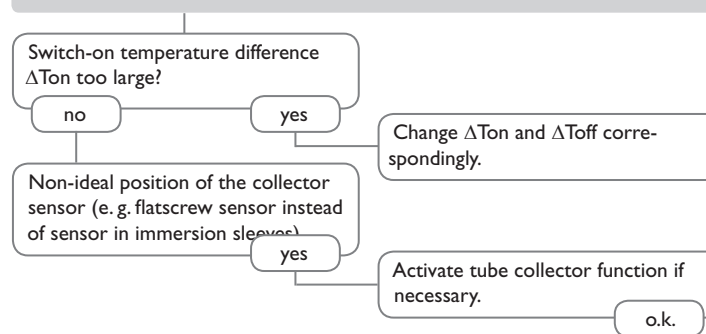
Check the supply line and recon-
nect it.



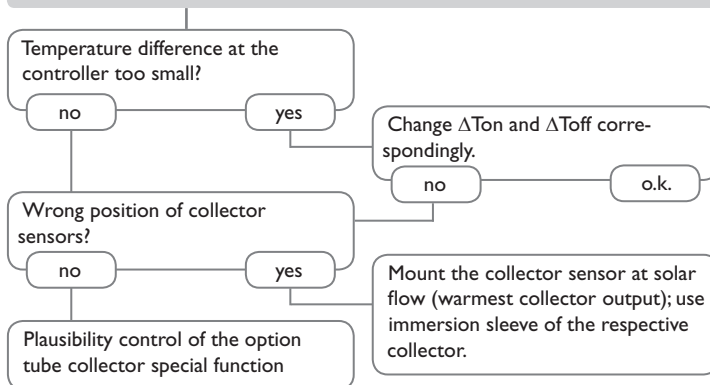
Pump is overheated, but no heat transfer from the collector to the store, flow and return have the same temperature; perhaps also bubbling in the lines.



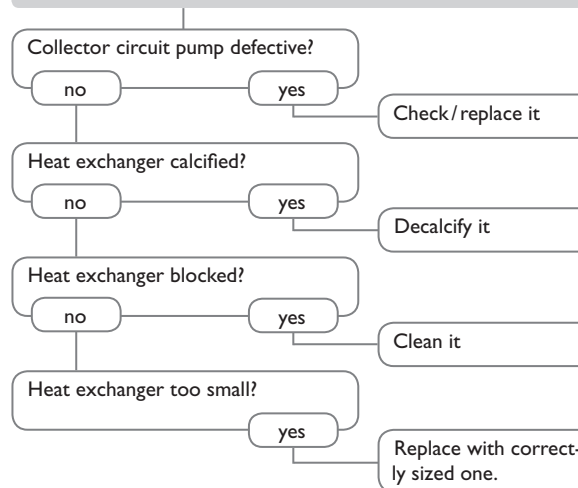
Pump starts up very late.



Pump starts for a short moment, switches off, switches on again, etc.



The temperature difference between store and collector increases enormously during operation; the collector circuit cannot dissipate the heat.



en

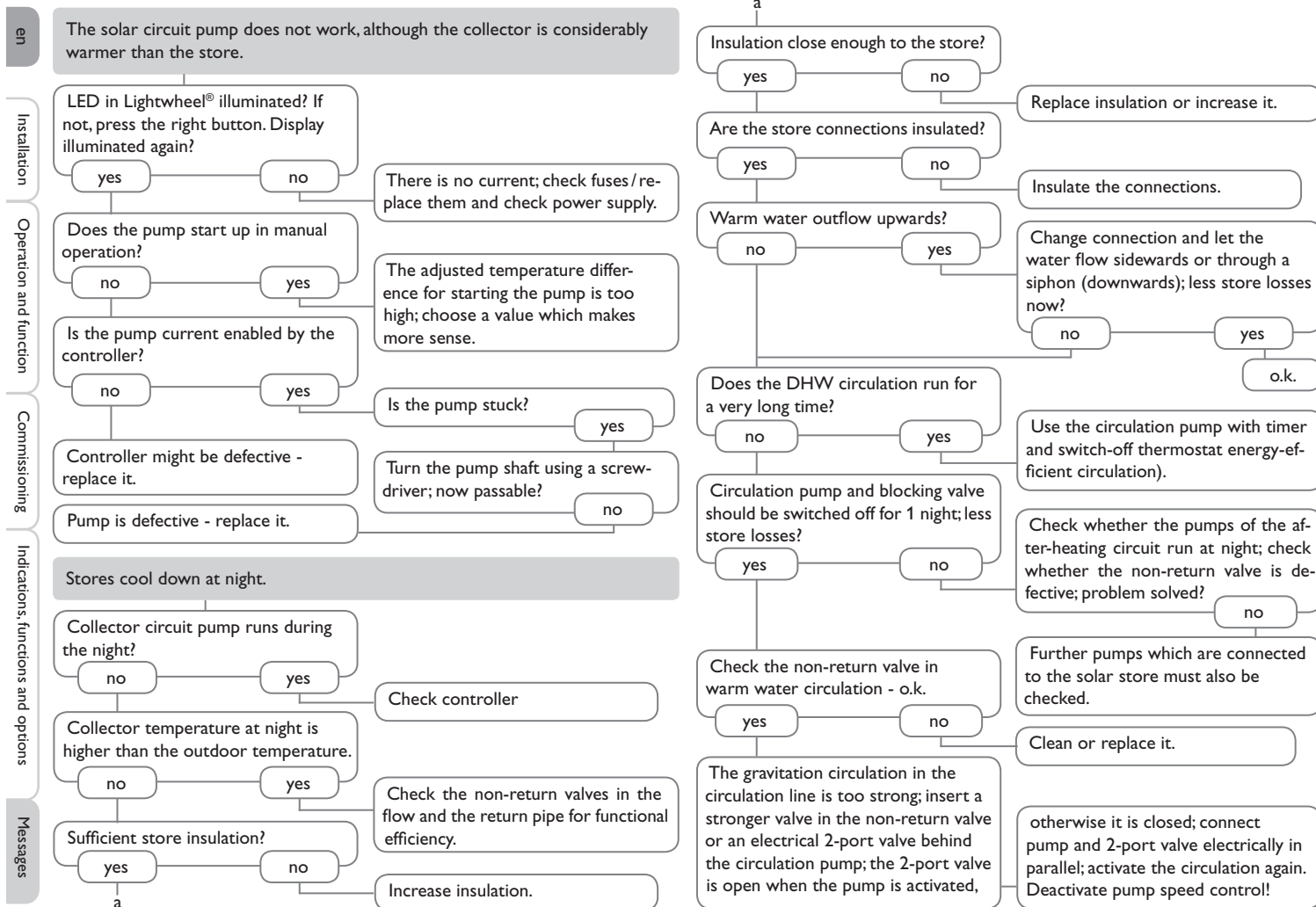
Installation

Operation and function

Commissioning

Indications, functions and options

Messages





12.1 Sensors and measuring instruments

Sensors

The product range includes high-precision platinum temperature sensors, flatscrew sensors, outdoor temperature sensors, indoor temperature sensors, cylindrical clip-on sensors, also as complete sensors with immersion sleeve.

Overvoltage protection device

In order to avoid overvoltage damage at collector sensors (e.g. caused by local lightning storms), we recommend installing the overvoltage protection SP10.

VFS and RPS Grundfos Direct Sensors™

The RPS Grundfos Direct Sensor™ is an analogue sensor that measures both temperature and pressure. The VFS Grundfos Direct Sensor™ is an analogue sensor that measures both temperature and flow rate.

V40 flowmeter

The V40 is a measuring instrument for detecting the flow of water or water/glycol mixtures. After a specific volume has passed, the V40 reed switch sends an impulse to the calorimeter. The heat quantity used is calculated by the calorimeter using these impulses and the measured temperature difference with the help of pre-defined parameters (glycol type, concentration, heat capacity, etc.).

12.2 VBus® accessories

SD3 Smart Display/ GA3 Large Display

The SD3 Smart Display is designed for simple connection to controllers with VBus®. It is used for visualising data issued by the controller: collector temperature, store temperature and energy yield of the solar thermal system. The use of high-efficiency LEDs and filter glass assures a high optical brilliance. An additional power supply is not required. One module is required per controller.

The GA3 is a completely mounted large display module for visualisation of collector- and store temperatures as well as the heat quantity yield of the solar system via one 6-digit and two 4-digit 7-segment displays. An easy connection to all controllers with VBus® is possible. The front plate is made of antireflective filterglass and is printed with a light-resistant UV-lacquering. The universal VBus® allows the parallel connection of 8 large displays as well as additional VBus® modules.

AM1 Alarm Module

The AM1 Alarm Module is designed to signal system failures. It is to be connected to the VBus® of the controller and issues an optical signal via the red LED if a failure has occurred. The AM1 also has a relay output, which can e. g. be connected to a building management system (BMS). Thus, a collective error message can be issued in the case of a system failure.

DL3 Datalogger

Be it solar thermal, heating or DHW heat exchange controllers – with the DL3 you can easily and conveniently log system data of up to 6 controllers. Get a comprehensive overview of all controllers connected with the large full graphic display. Transfer data with an SD memory card, or use the LAN interface to view and process data on your PC.

DL2 Datalogger

This additional module enables the acquisition and storage of large amounts of data (such as measuring and balance values of the solar system) over a long period of time. The DL2 can be configured and read-out with a standard Internet browser via its integrated web interface. For transmission of the data stored in the internal memory of the DL2 to a PC, an SD card can be used. The DL2 is appropriate for all controllers with VBus®. It can be connected directly to a PC or router for remote access and thus enables comfortable system monitoring for yield monitoring or for diagnostics of faults.

12.3 Interface adapters

VBus®/USB & VBus®/LAN interface adapters

The VBus®/USB interface adapter is the interface between the controller and a personal computer. With its standard mini-USB port it enables a fast transmission of system data for processing, visualising and archiving data via the VBus®. The ServiceCenter software is included.

The VBus®/LAN interface adapter is designed for the direct connection of the controller to a PC or router. It enables easy access to the controller via the local network of the owner. Thus, controller access and data charting can be effected from every workstation of the network. The VBus®/LAN interface adapter is suitable for all controllers equipped with a VBus®. The ServiceCenter software is included.

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